## STATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF SOLAR PROTON EVENTS IN DIFFERENT ENERGY CHANNELS

M. Gerontidou (1), H. Mavromichalaki (1), V. Kurt (2) and A. Belov(3) (1) Nuclear and Particle Physics Section, Physics Department, University of Athens, 15771 Athens, Greece <a href="mailto:emavromi@cc.uoa.gr/Fax">emavromi@cc.uoa.gr/Fax</a>: +30 1 7276987 (2) Institute of Nuclear Physics, Moscow University, 119899 Vorobievy Gory, Moscow, Russia, (3) IZMIRAN, Academy of Science Russia

Solar proton events (SPEs) for over three complete 11-year solar cycles (1970-2000) have been studied. In this time period size distributions of all 207 events with proton energy >10 MeV and peak intensity >10 pfu (particle cm²s⁻¹sr⁻¹) observed at 1 AU were obtained. The same analysis has been carried out on statistical events with peak intensity >0.01 pfu for three different energy channels such as >30 MeV, >60 MeV and >100 MeV. Entirely separate distributions imply useful results about the flare sources of SPEs and define a more general indicator of solar activity for a better understanding of the interplanetary conditions that define Space Weather.

An update catalogue of the solar proton events in the energy channels >10 MeV, >30 MeV, >60 MeV and >100 MeV, for the period 1970-2000, where are included information about the probable sources of SPE, is also presented..