FORWA RD-BACKW ARD PARTIC LE CARAC TERISTI CS IN THE INTERA CTIONS OF ³He AND ⁴He WITH **EMULSI** ON NUCLEI AT 3.7A GeV M.El-Nadi, A.Abdels alam,M.S. El-Nagdy,E. A.Shaat,N .Ali Mossa,Z. Abou Moussa, S.Kamel, N.Rashed, M.E.Hafiz and B.Badawy Physics Departme nt,Faculty of Science,C airo-Egypt sayedks@ hotmail.c <u>om</u> Experime ntal data on relativistic (shower) and fast (grey) hadrons emitted in the forward (**q** < 90°

) and backward $(\boldsymbol{q} \ge 90^{o})$ hemispher es in the interactio ns of 3.7A GeV helium isotopes (³He and ⁴He) with emulsion nuclei are presented and analised. The dependen ce of the probabiliti es of the interactio ns accompan by ied backward relativistic $(\mathbf{n}_{s}^{b} > 0)$ and fast $(N_{g}^{b} > 0$) hadrons on the projectile and target sizes are studied. The multiplicit У distributio ns and mean values of both forward and backward shower and grey particles are investigat ed for the total samples as well as for events

having $n_{s}^{b} > 0, N_{g}^{b} > 0$ and different projectile spectator charges. The data showed that while the values of the average muliplicit y of the produced forward shower particles are strongly dependent the on projectile mass number, A_p, those of the backward ones are nearly independe nt of A_p. Conseque ntly, the present study yields quite interesting informatio n regarding the mechanis m of the backward particle productio n in heavy ion interactio ns.