## ANALYTICAL SOLUTION OF 3-D COSMIC-RAY DIFFUSION IN THE GALAXY WITH BOUBDARYLESS HALO (I) — ONE COMPONENT MODEL —

## T. Shibata

Department of Physics, Aoyama-Gakuin Univ., Setagaya-ku Chitosedai 6-16-1, Tokyo 157-8572, Japan.

shibata@cariocas.phys.aoyama.ac.jp/Fax: 03-5384-6100

We show an analytical solution of three dimensional cosmic-ray diffusion, taking a more realistic structure of our Galaxy into acount, where we assume, i)  $D(r, z) = D_0 \exp[r/r_D + z/z_D]$ , ii)  $n(r, z) = n_0 \exp[-(r/r_n + z/z_n)]$ , and iii)  $\rho(r, z) = \rho_0 \exp[-(r/r_\rho + z/z_\rho)]$ , i.e., three critical parameters, the diffusion coefficient D, gas density n and the cosmic-ray source  $\rho$  depending on both radial distance r from the disk center and the perpendicular distance z from the galactic plane.

The solution is expressed by use of the Modified Bessel functions,  $I_{\nu}(\Lambda_r Z_z)$ and  $K_{\nu}(\Lambda_r Z_z)$  with  $Z_z = \exp[-z/\bar{z}]$  under the assumption  $[r_D, r_n, r_\rho] \gg [z_D, z_n, z_\rho]$ , where  $\nu$  and  $\bar{z}$  are related to the critical parameters,  $z_D$  and  $z_n$ , while  $\Lambda_r$  depends on the radial distance r as well as on the critical parameters,  $\bar{z}$ ,  $n_0$  and  $D_0$ .