

Search for time-dependent fluctuations in cosmic rays spectra with the AMS01 detector

Flux fluctuations:

Data taking period: 8/06/98 18h00-> 9/06/98 17h30

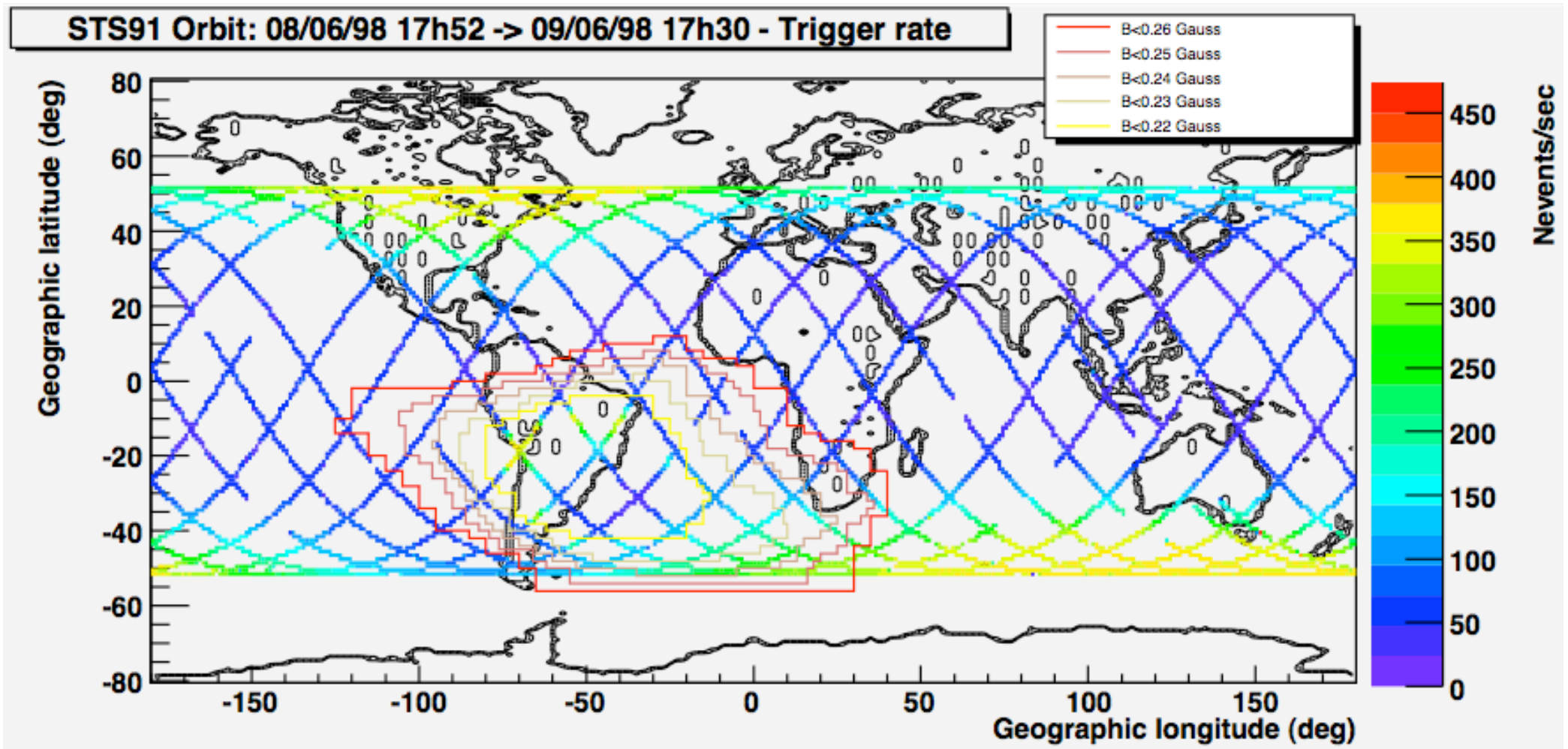
AMS Z-axis pointing 1° within Zenith

~1 min sampling

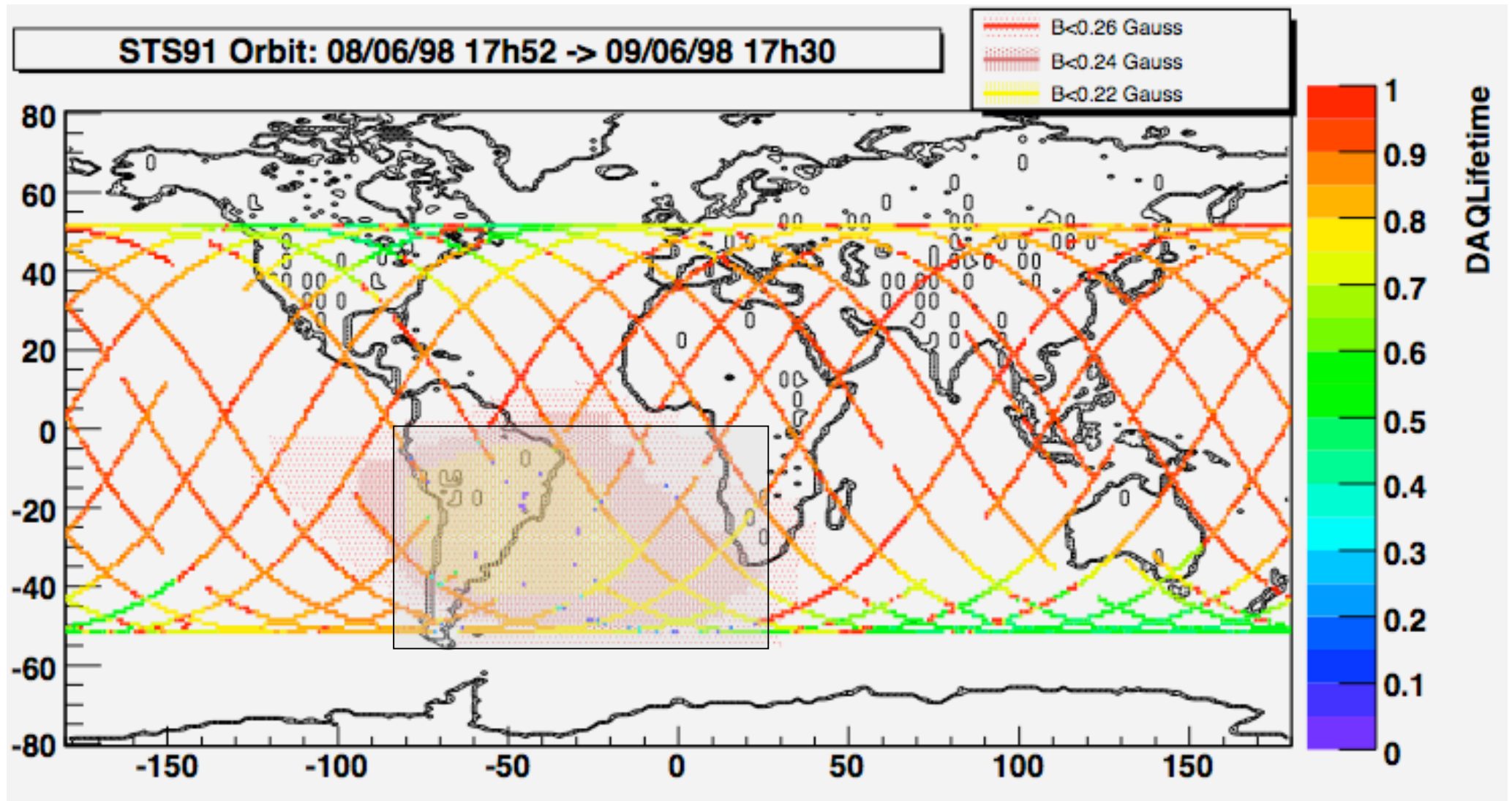
Outline

- SAA exclusion
- Actual vs mean rate
- Flux fluctuations
- Space weather

SAA Local Magnetic Field



SAA excluding region: 85W-25E; 0S-55S

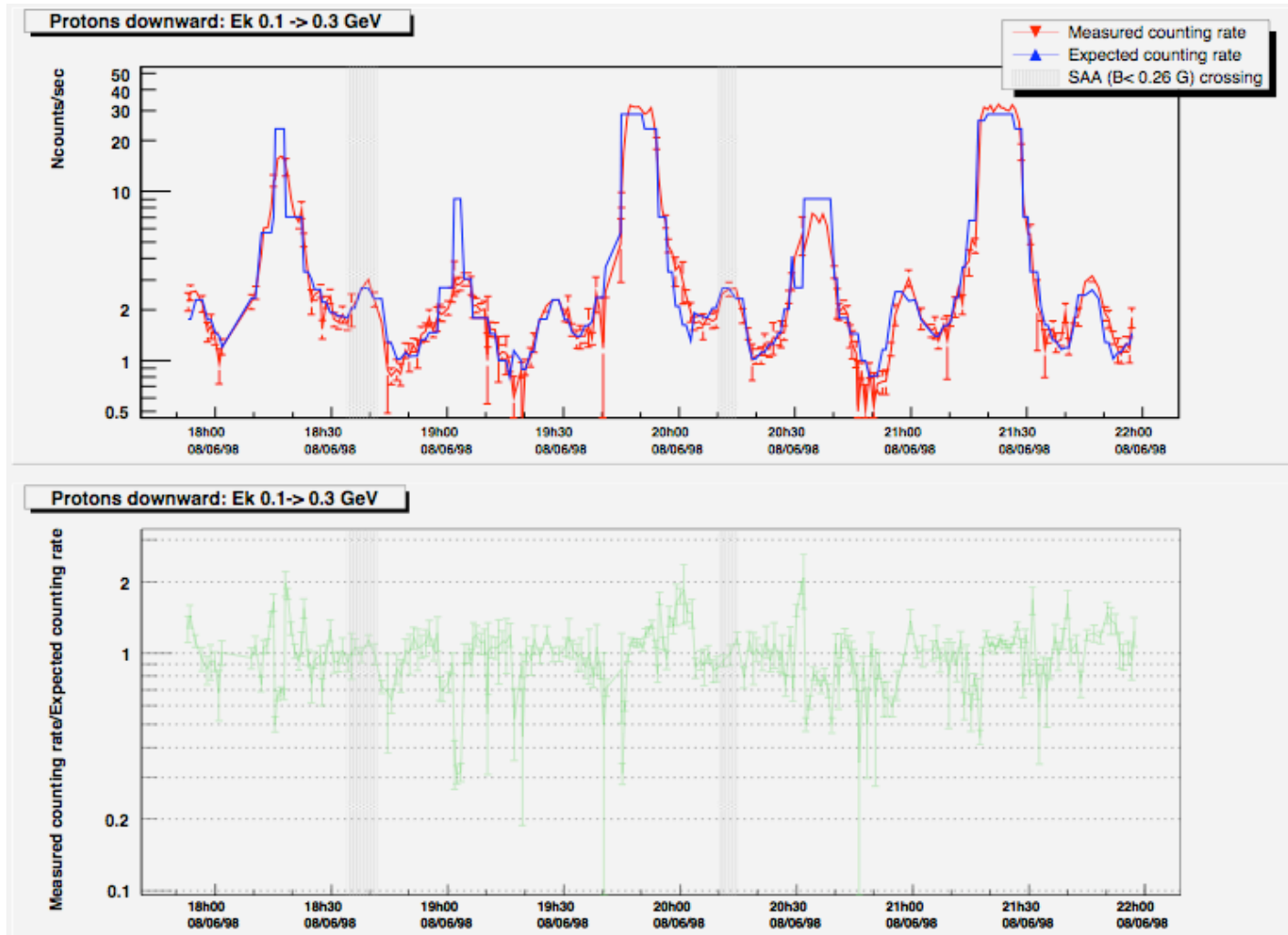


SAA exclusion

- SAA excluded region:
85W-25E; 0S-55S As in previous analysis (ref. Choutko)
- Crossing inside $B < 0.26$ Gauss region
highlited

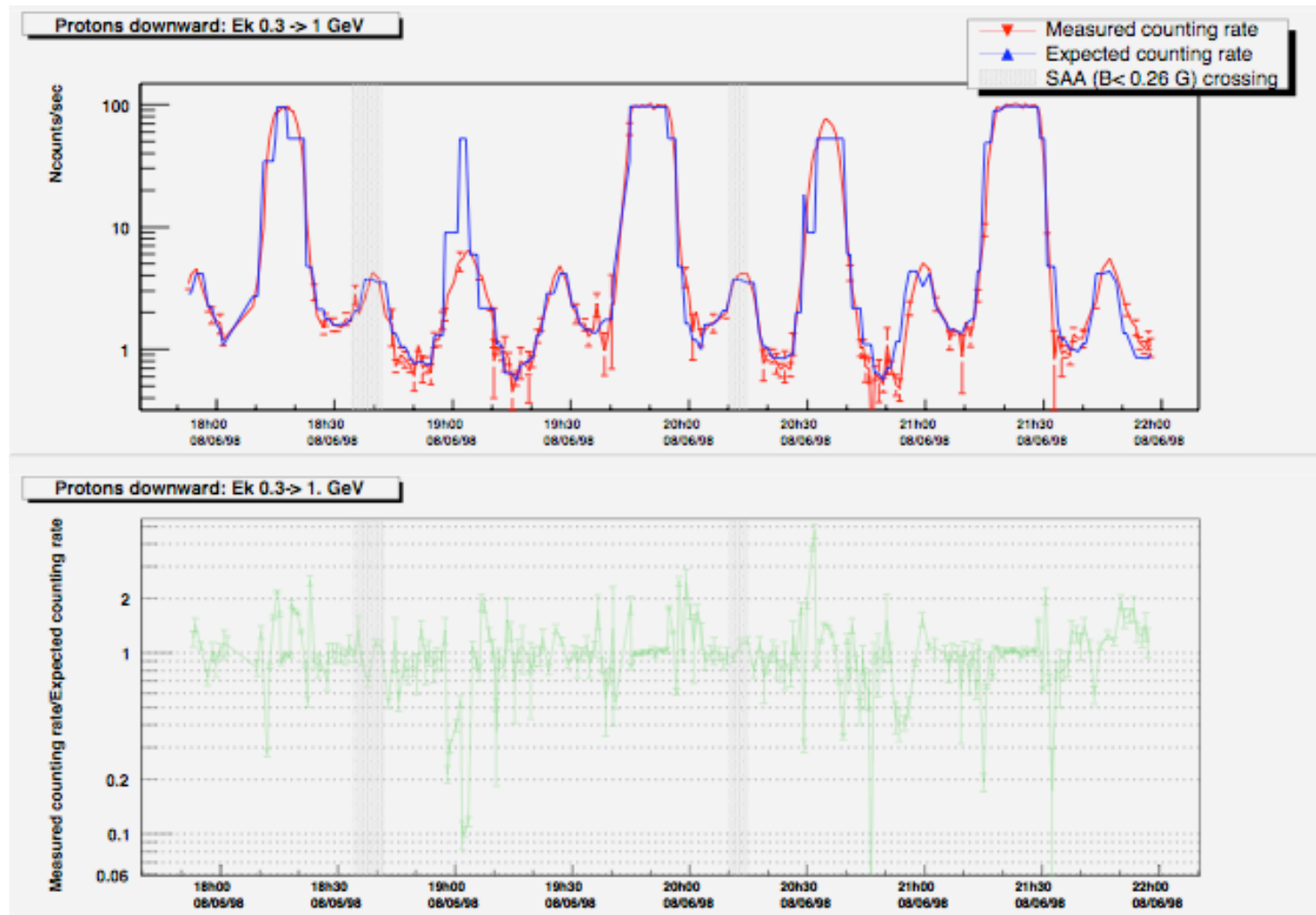
Protons actual rate vs mean rate

Ek: 0.1 -> 0.3 GeV



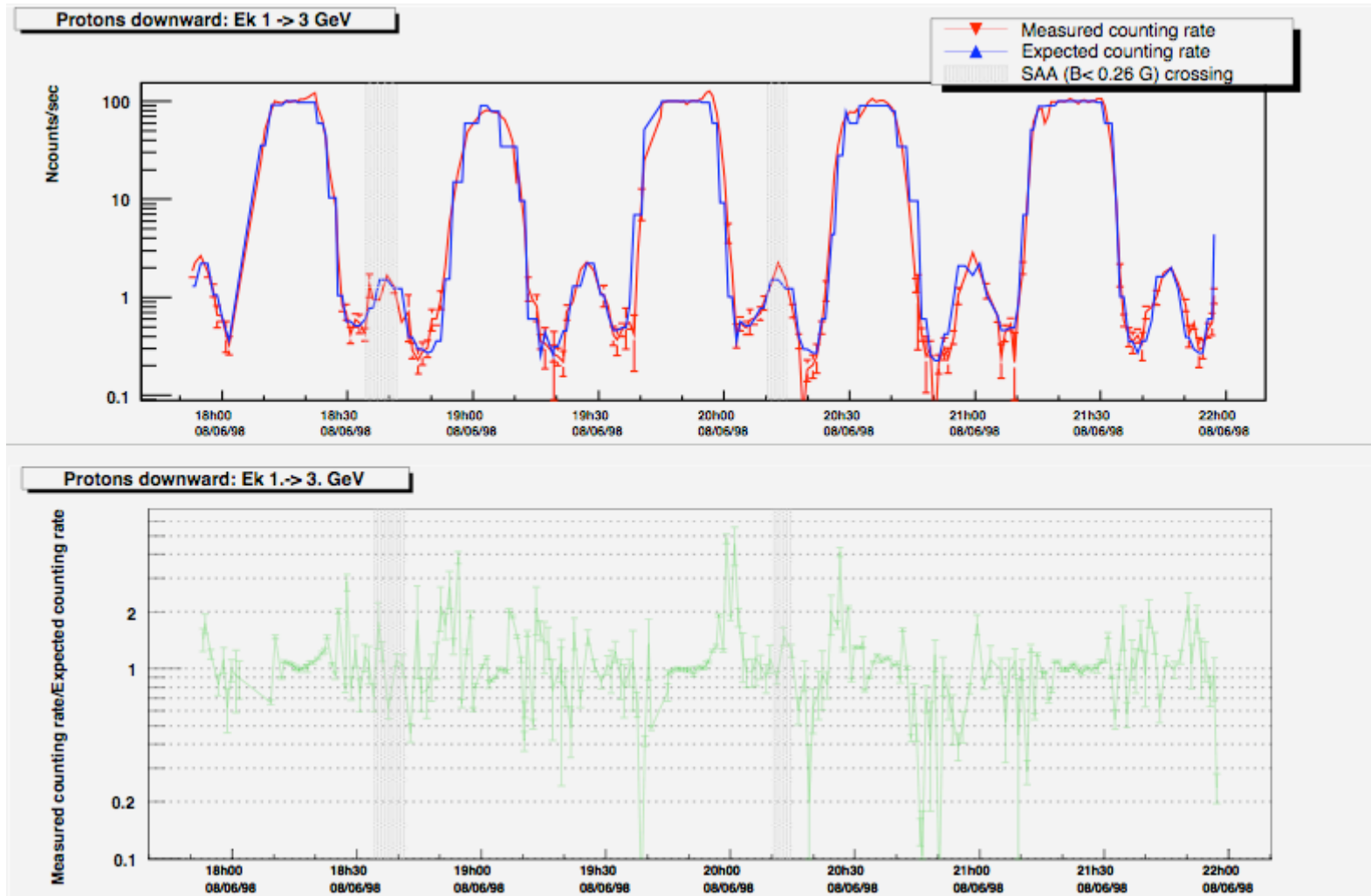
Protons actual rate vs mean rate

Ek: 0.3 -> 1 GeV



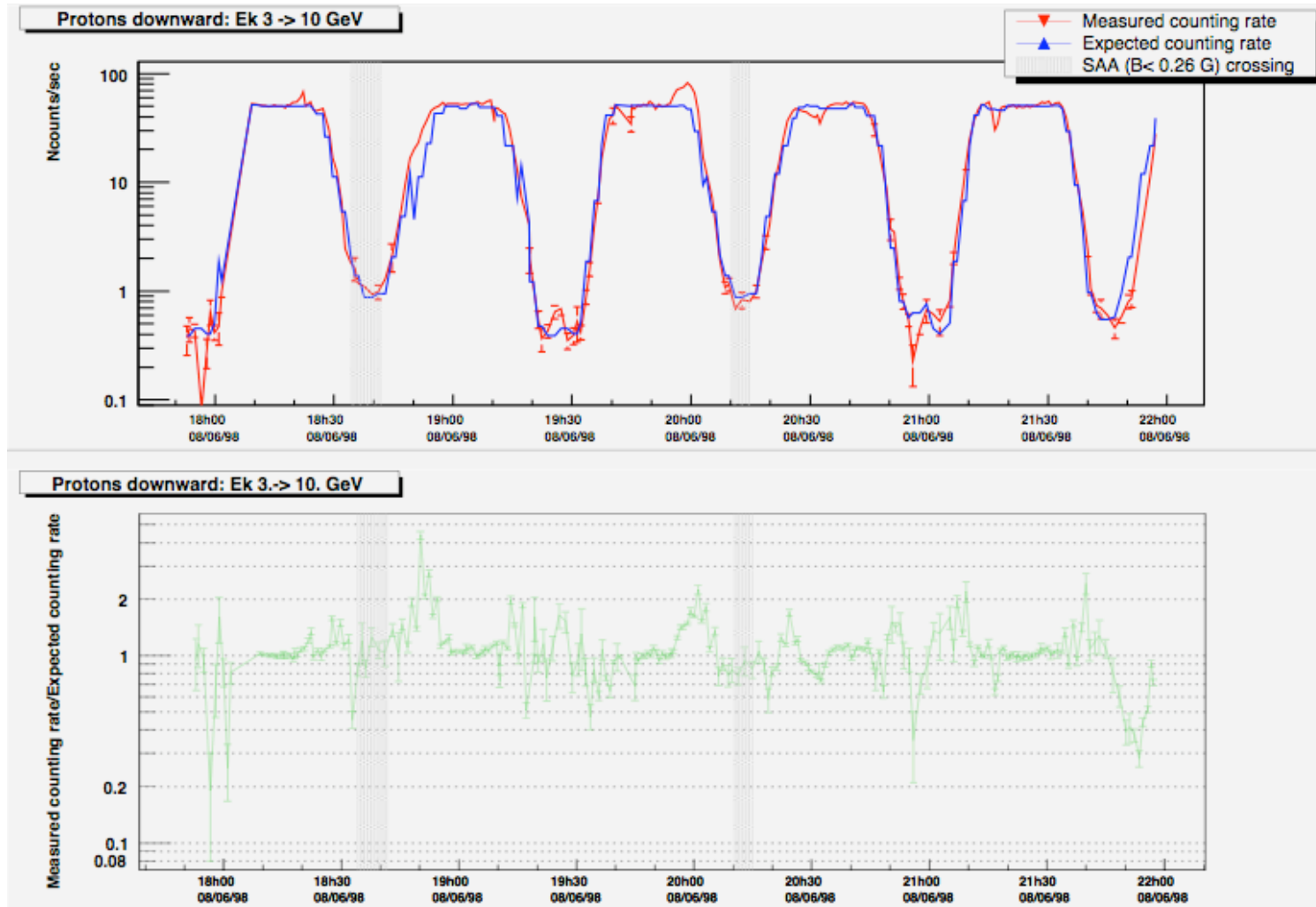
Protons actual rate vs mean rate

Ek: 1 -> 3 GeV



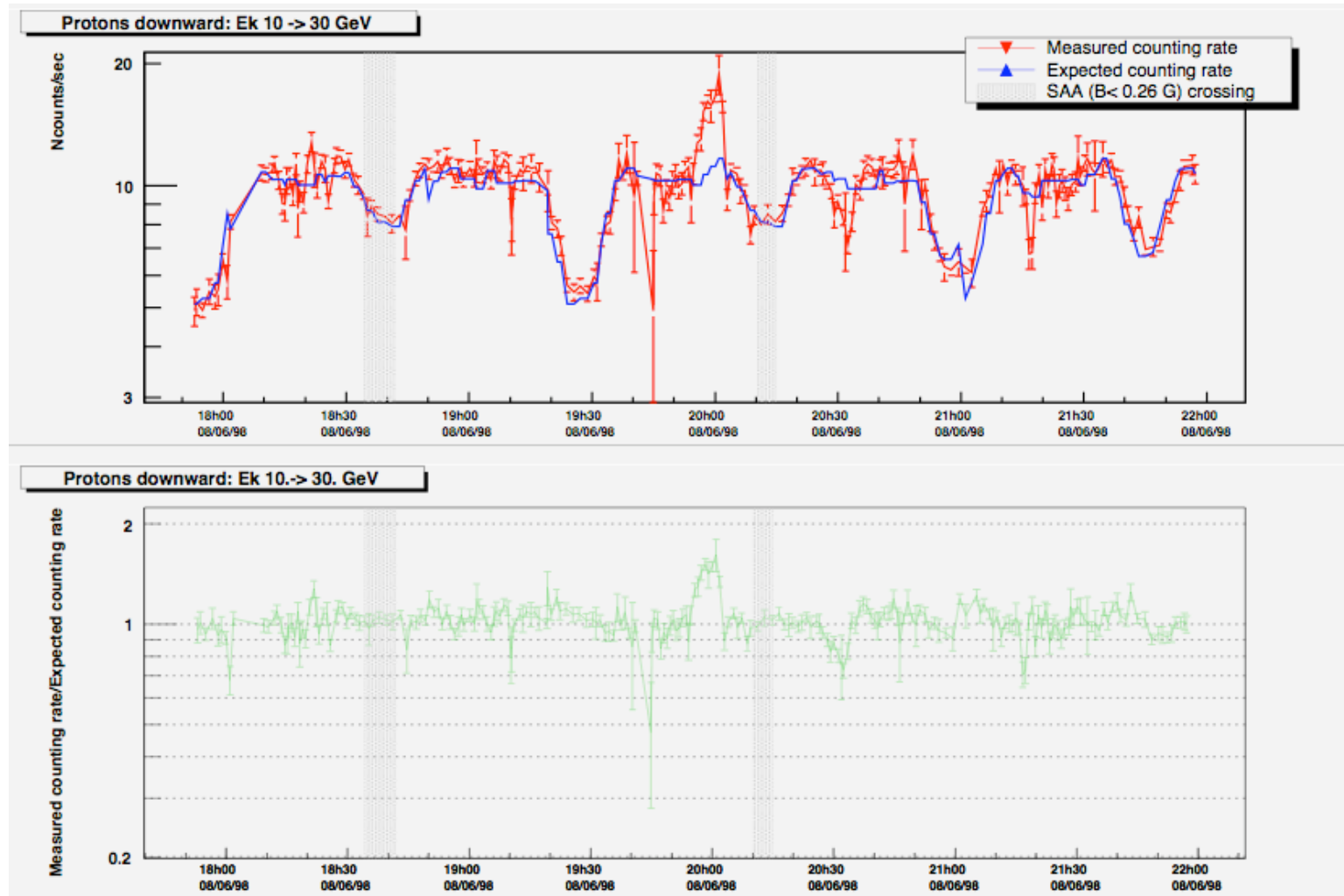
Protons actual rate vs mean rate

Ek: 3 -> 10 GeV



Protons actual rate vs mean rate

Ek: 10 -> 30 GeV



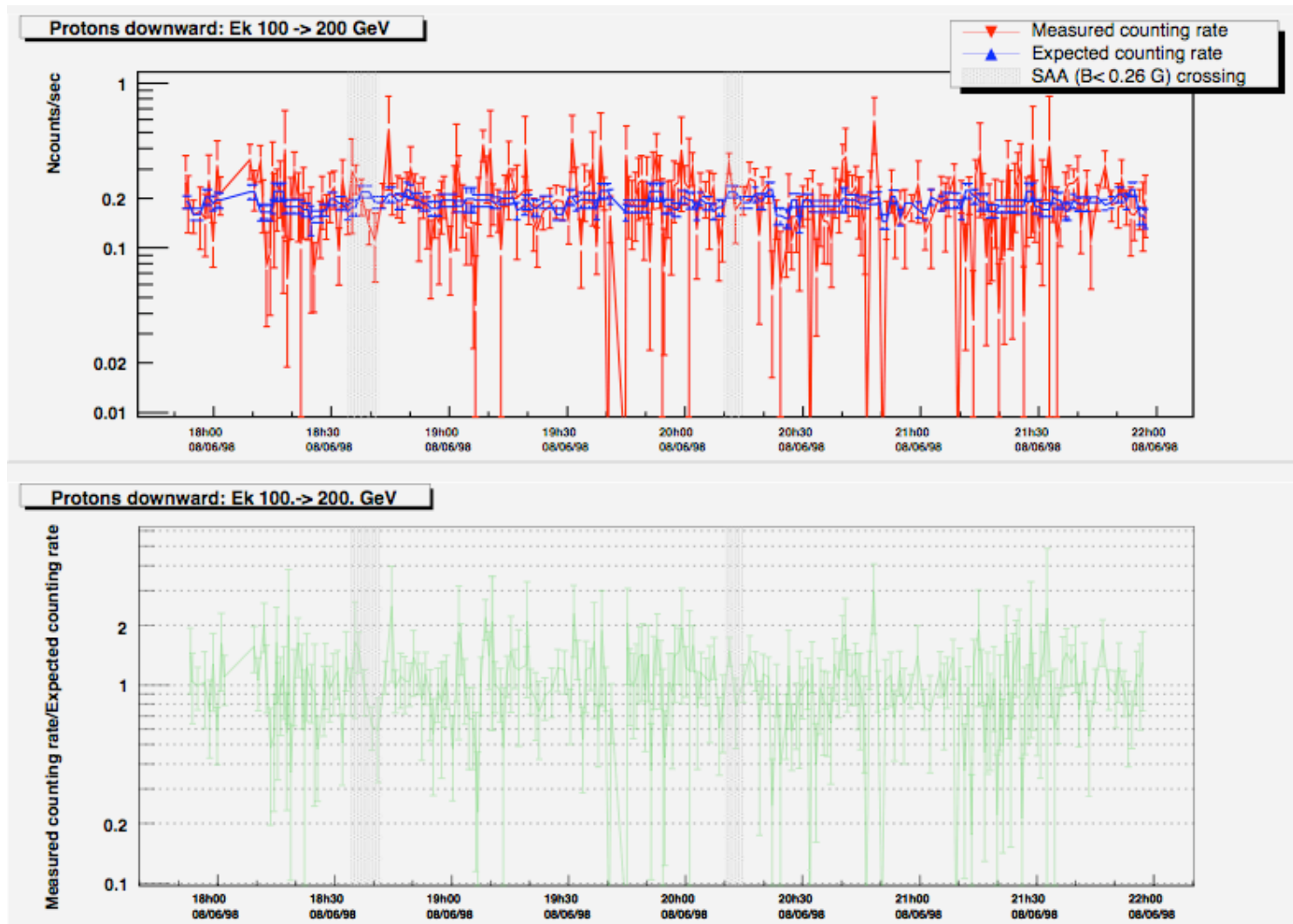
Protons actual rate vs mean rate

Ek: 30 -> 100 GeV



Protons actual rate vs mean rate

Ek: 100 -> 200 GeV



Flux fluctuation probability I

For each kinetic energy bin, calculate fluctuation probability according to a Poisson distribution:

$$Prob(N \geq N_{counts}) = \sum_{k \geq N_{counts}}^{\infty} e^{-\mu} \frac{\mu^k}{k!}$$

Positive fluctuations

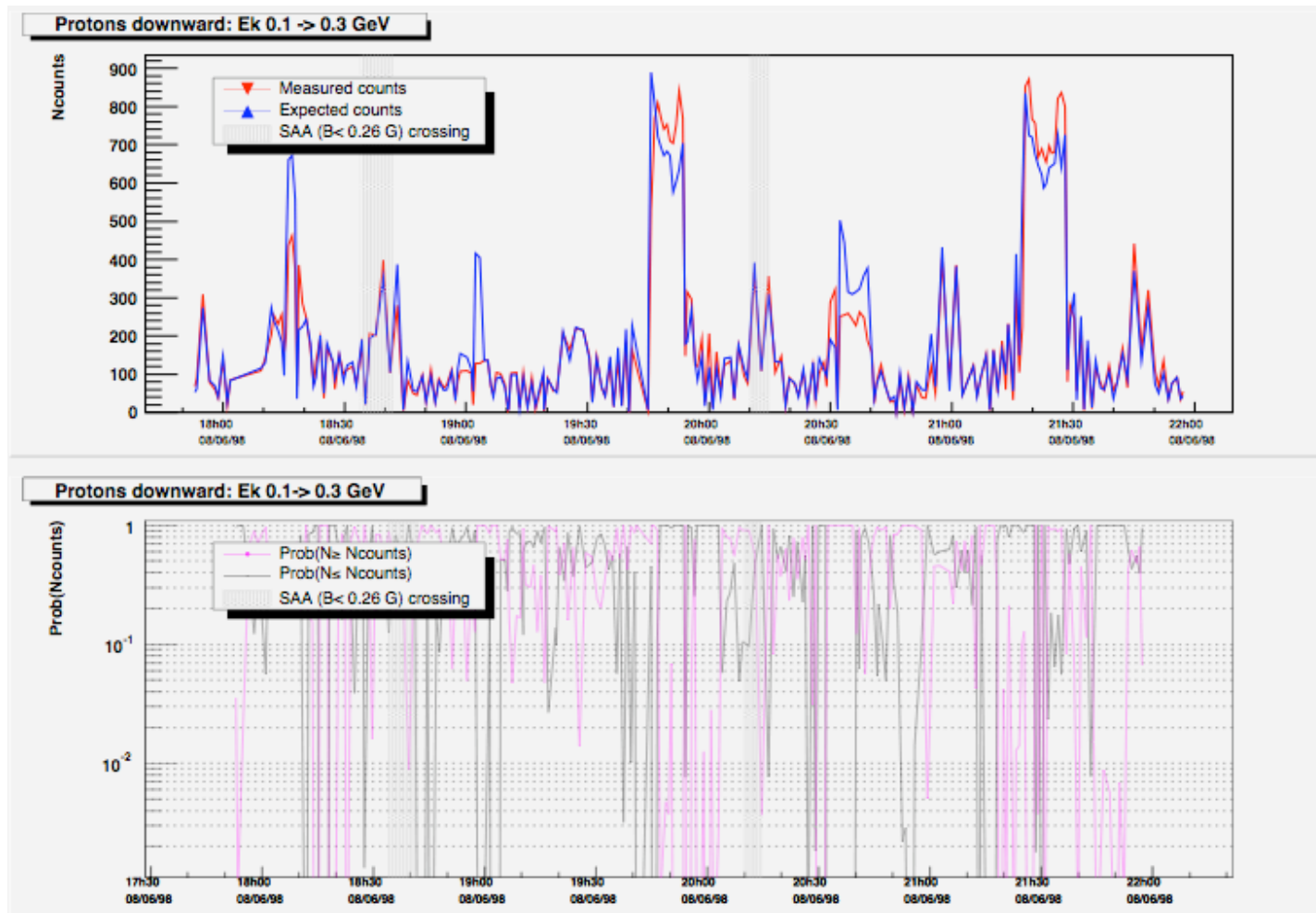
$$Prob(N \leq N_{counts}) = \sum_{k \leq N_{counts}}^{\infty} e^{-\mu} \frac{\mu^k}{k!}$$

Negative fluctuations

where μ is the number of expected counts estimated from the mean counting rate and N_{counts} is the measured number of counts.

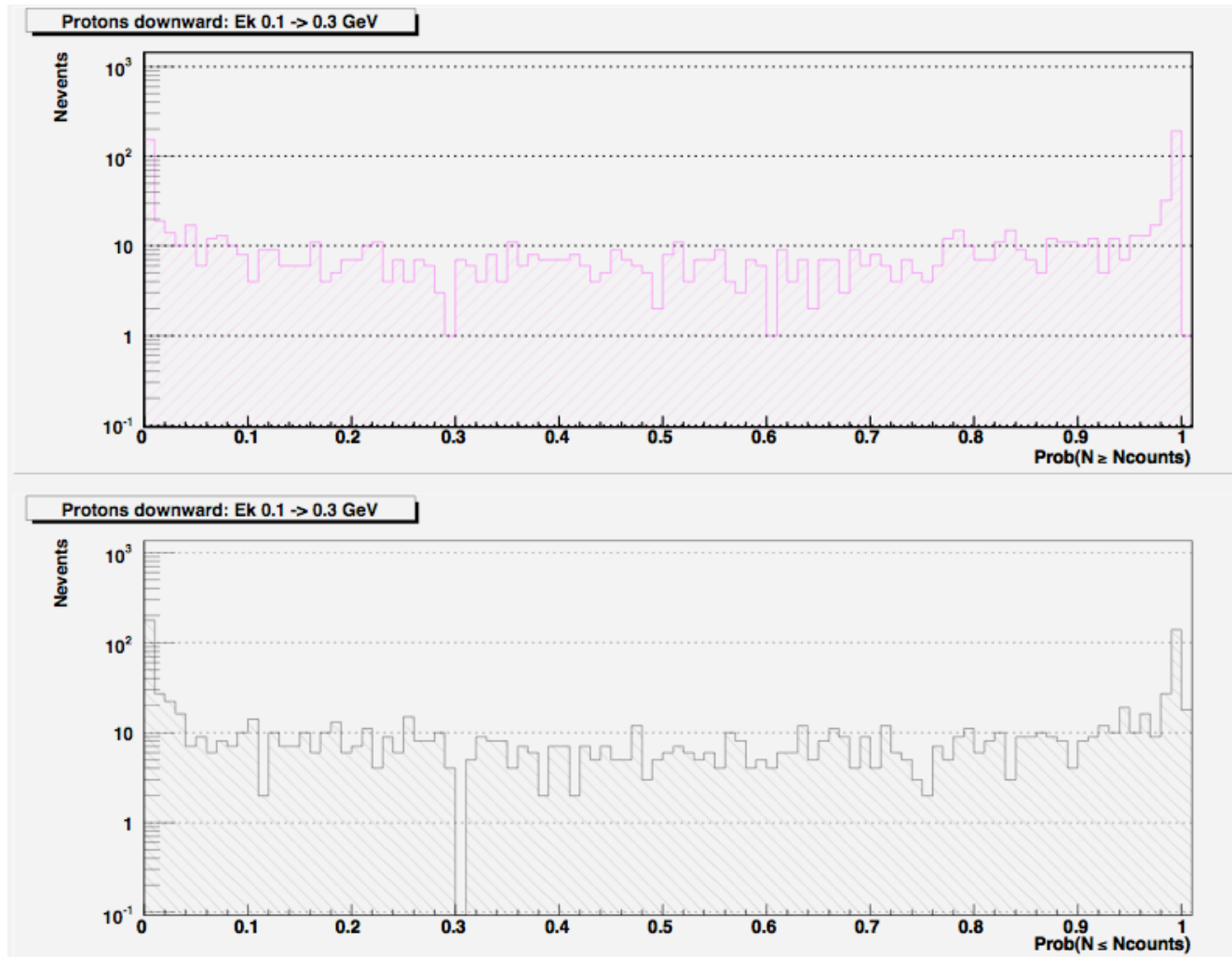
Flux fluctuation probability

$E_k: 0.1 \rightarrow 0.3 \text{ GeV}$



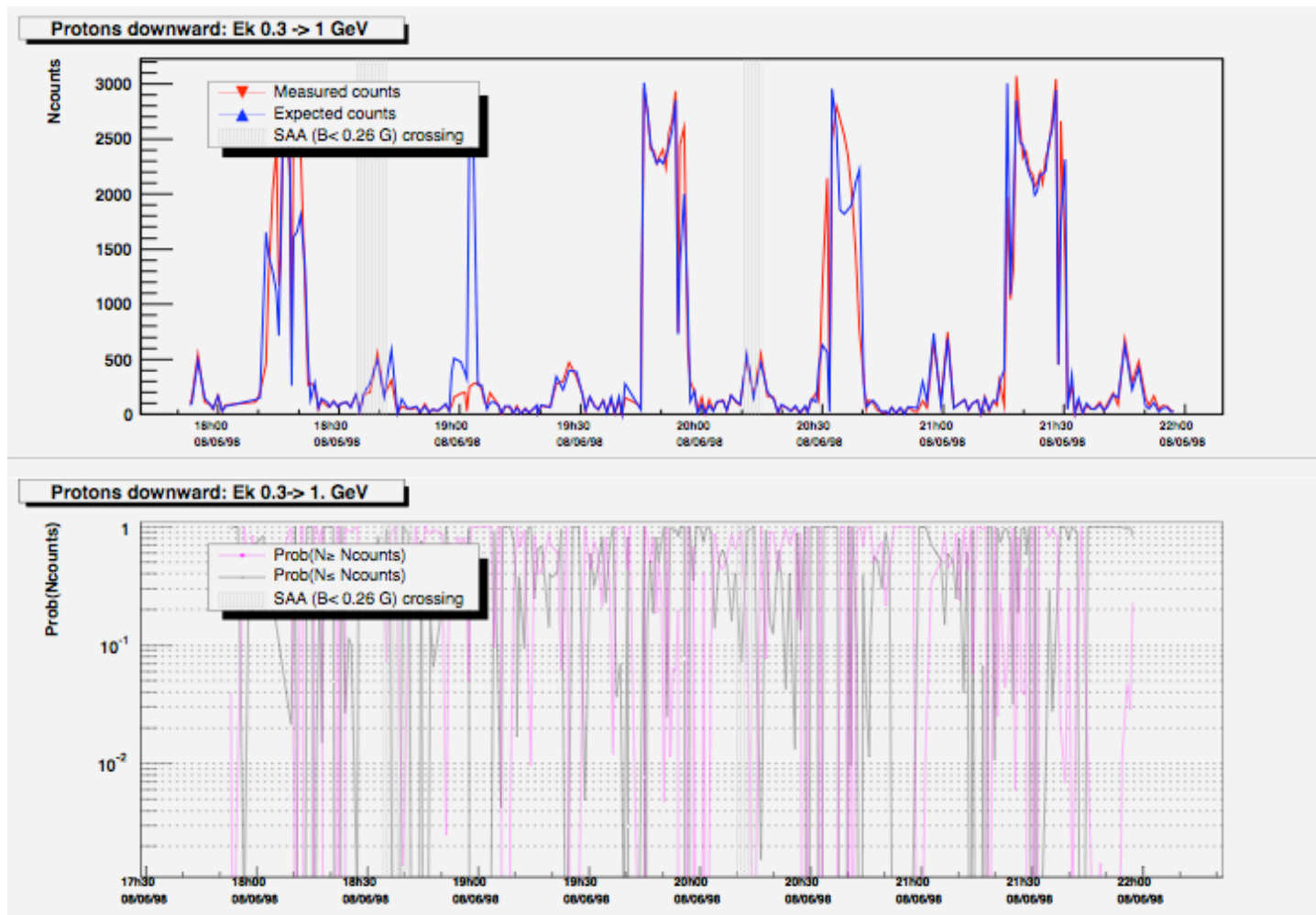
Flux fluctuation probability

$E_k: 0.1 \rightarrow 0.3 \text{ GeV}$



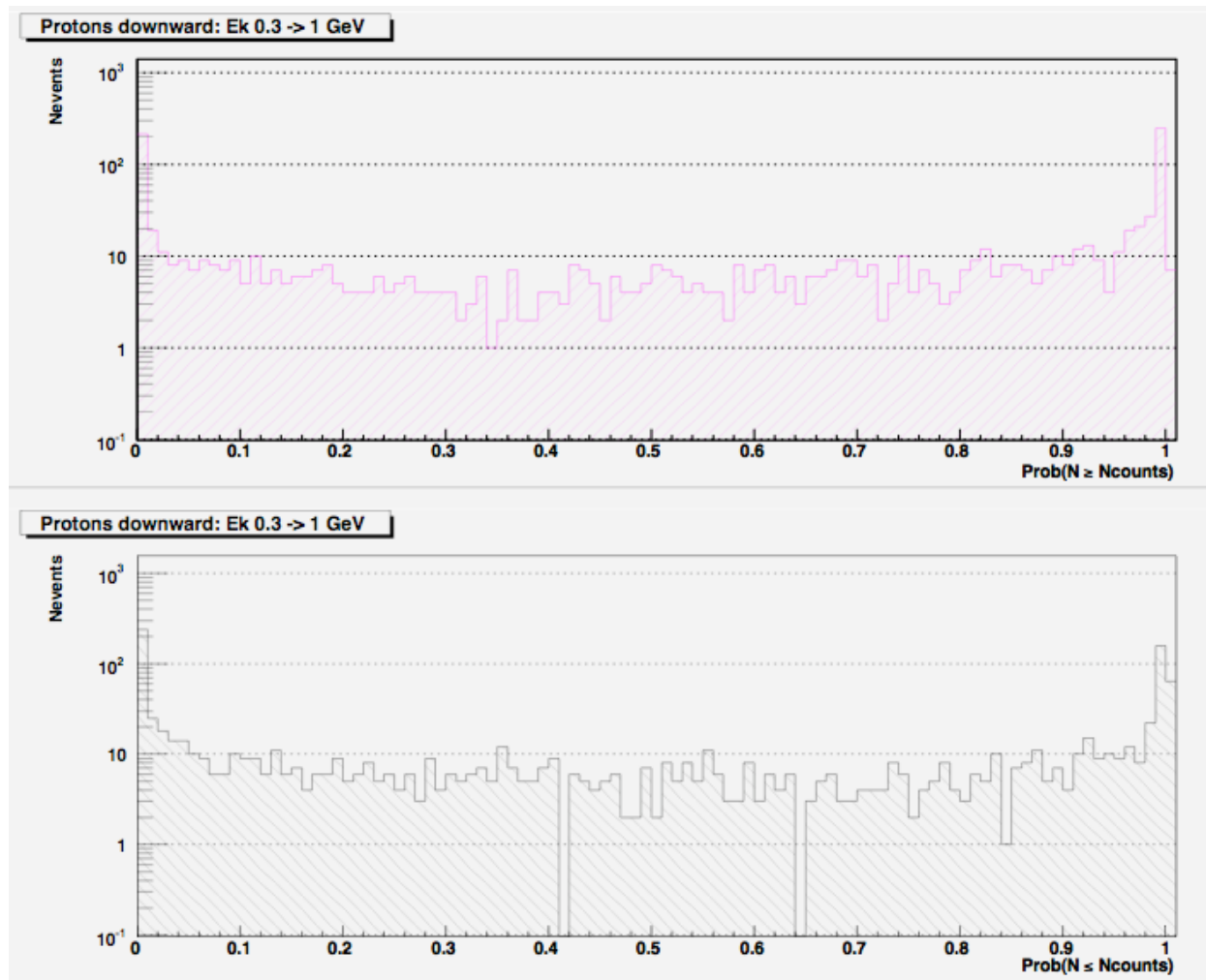
Flux fluctuation probability

Ek: 0.3 -> 1 GeV



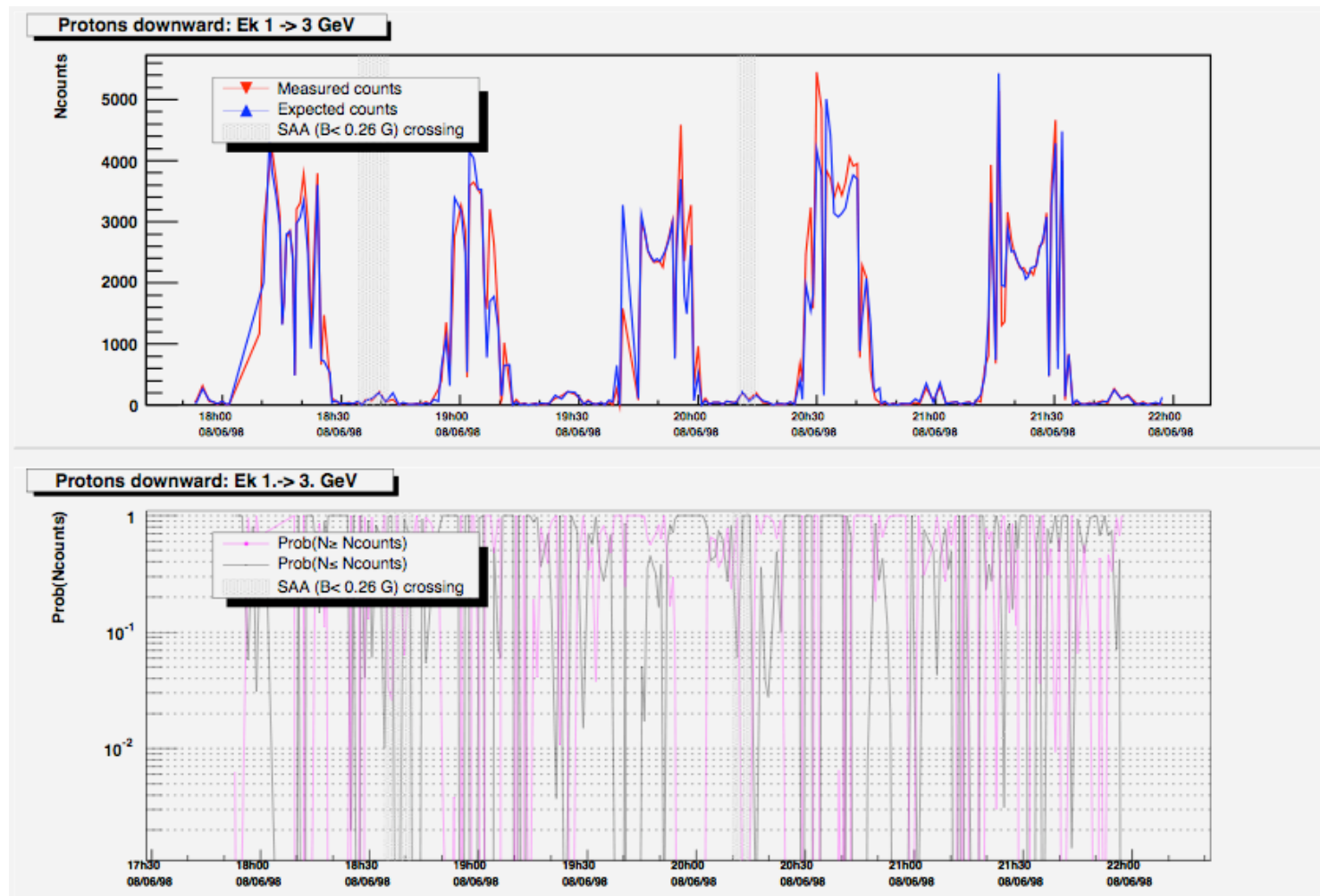
Flux fluctuation probability

$E_k: 0.3 \rightarrow 1 \text{ GeV}$



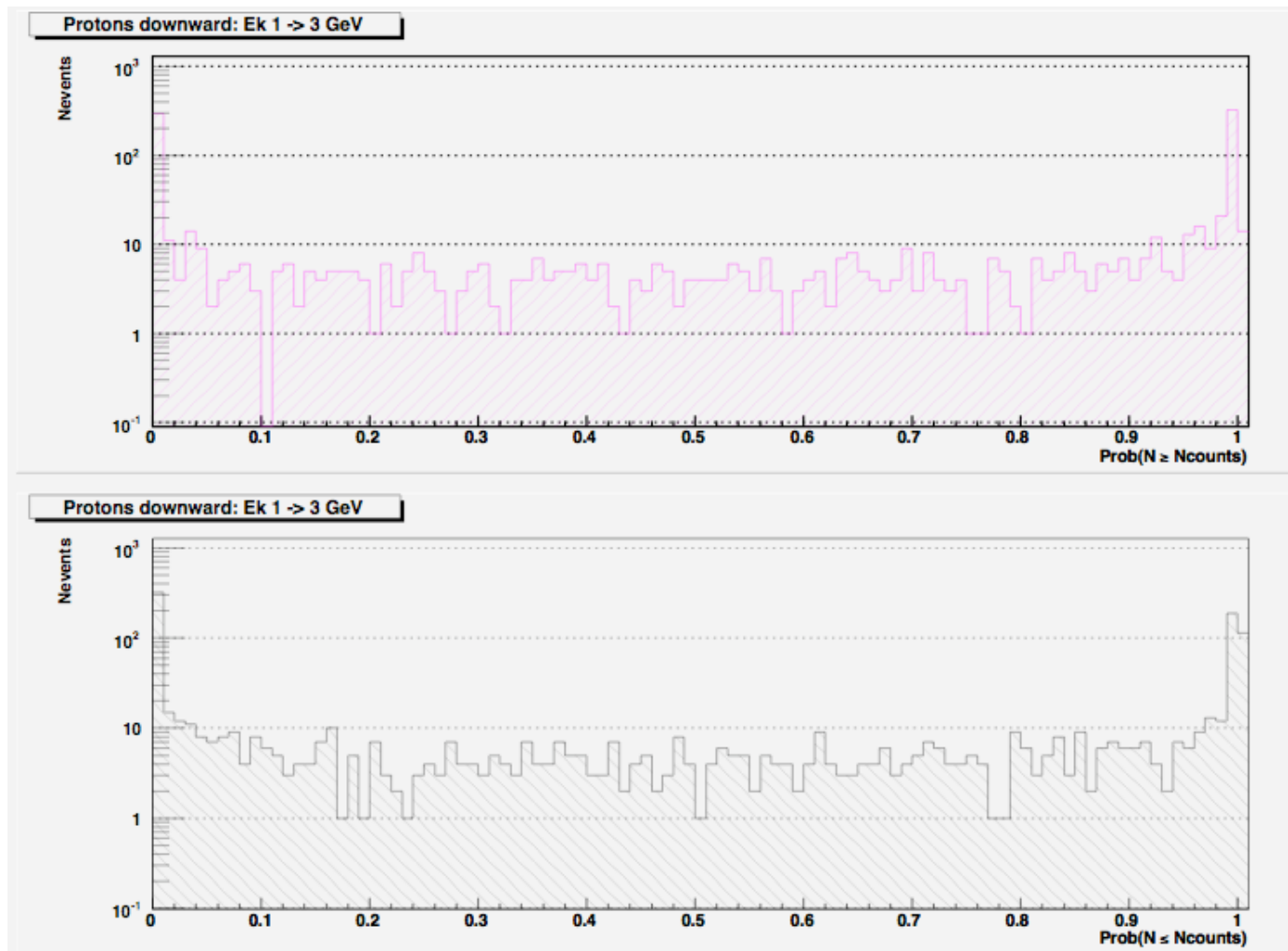
Flux fluctuation probability

Ek: 1 -> 3 GeV



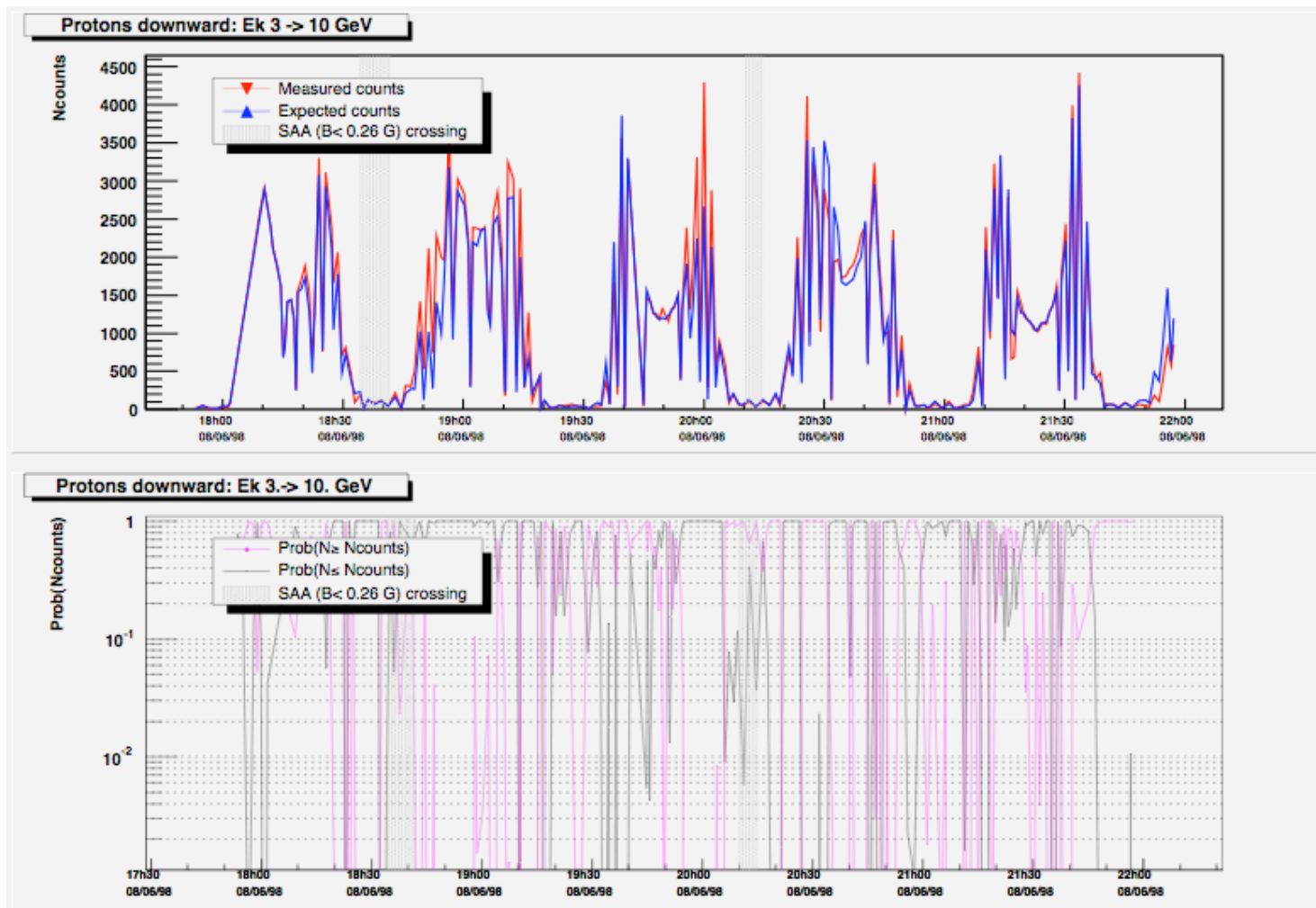
Flux fluctuation probability

Ek: 1 -> 3 GeV



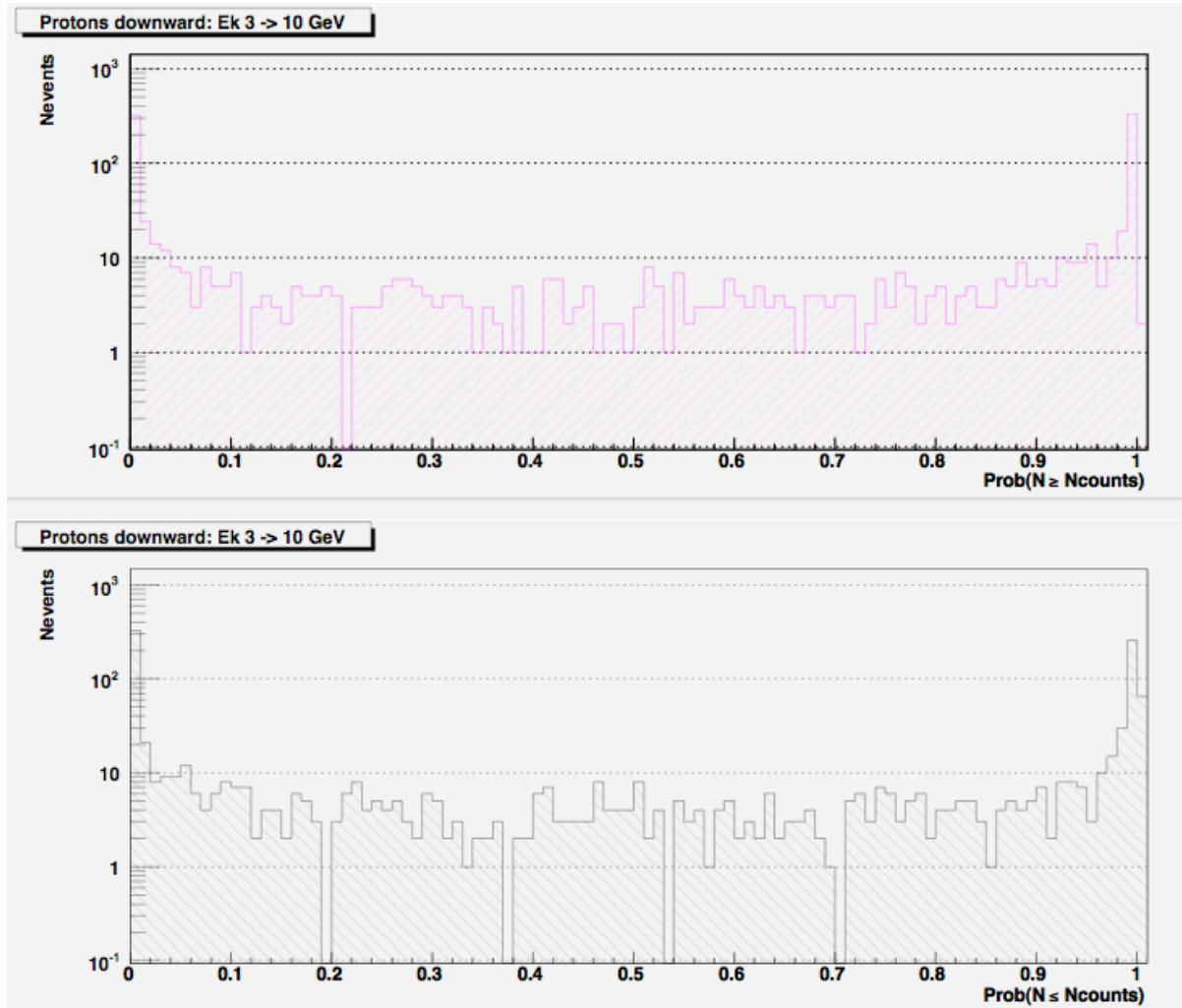
Flux fluctuation probability

Ek: 3 -> 10 GeV



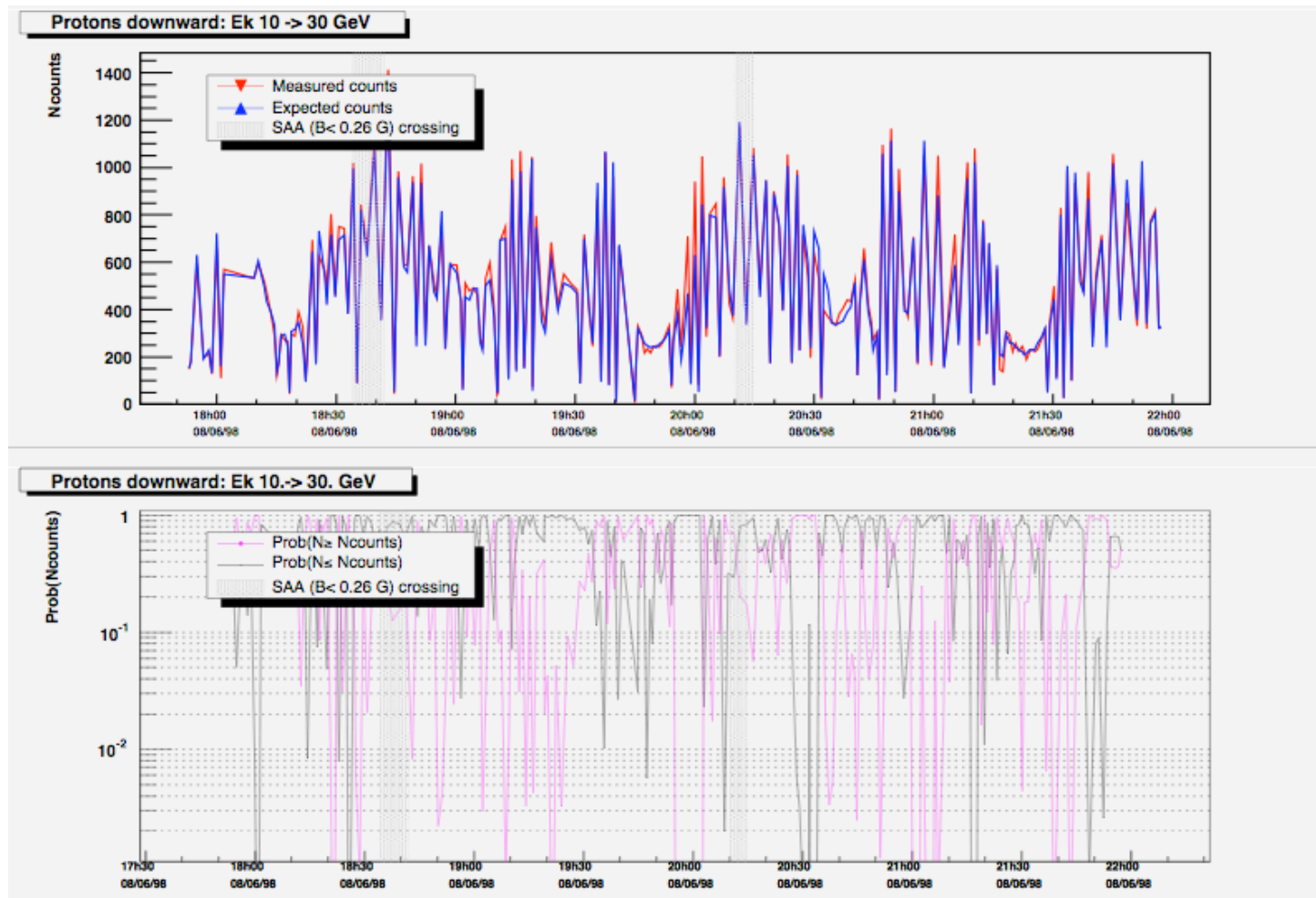
Flux fluctuation probability

$E_k: 3 \rightarrow 10 \text{ GeV}$



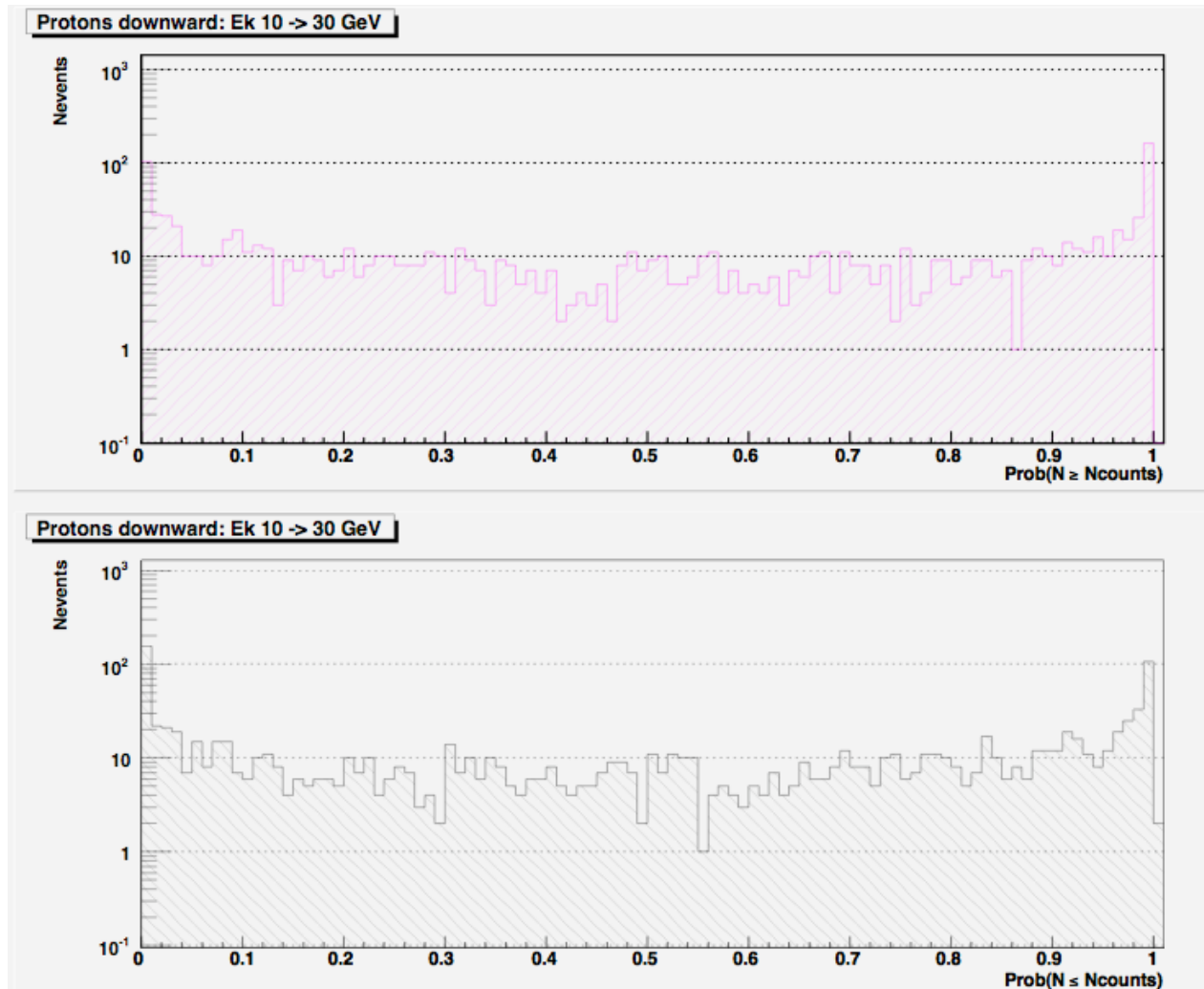
Flux fluctuation probability

Ek: 10 -> 30 GeV



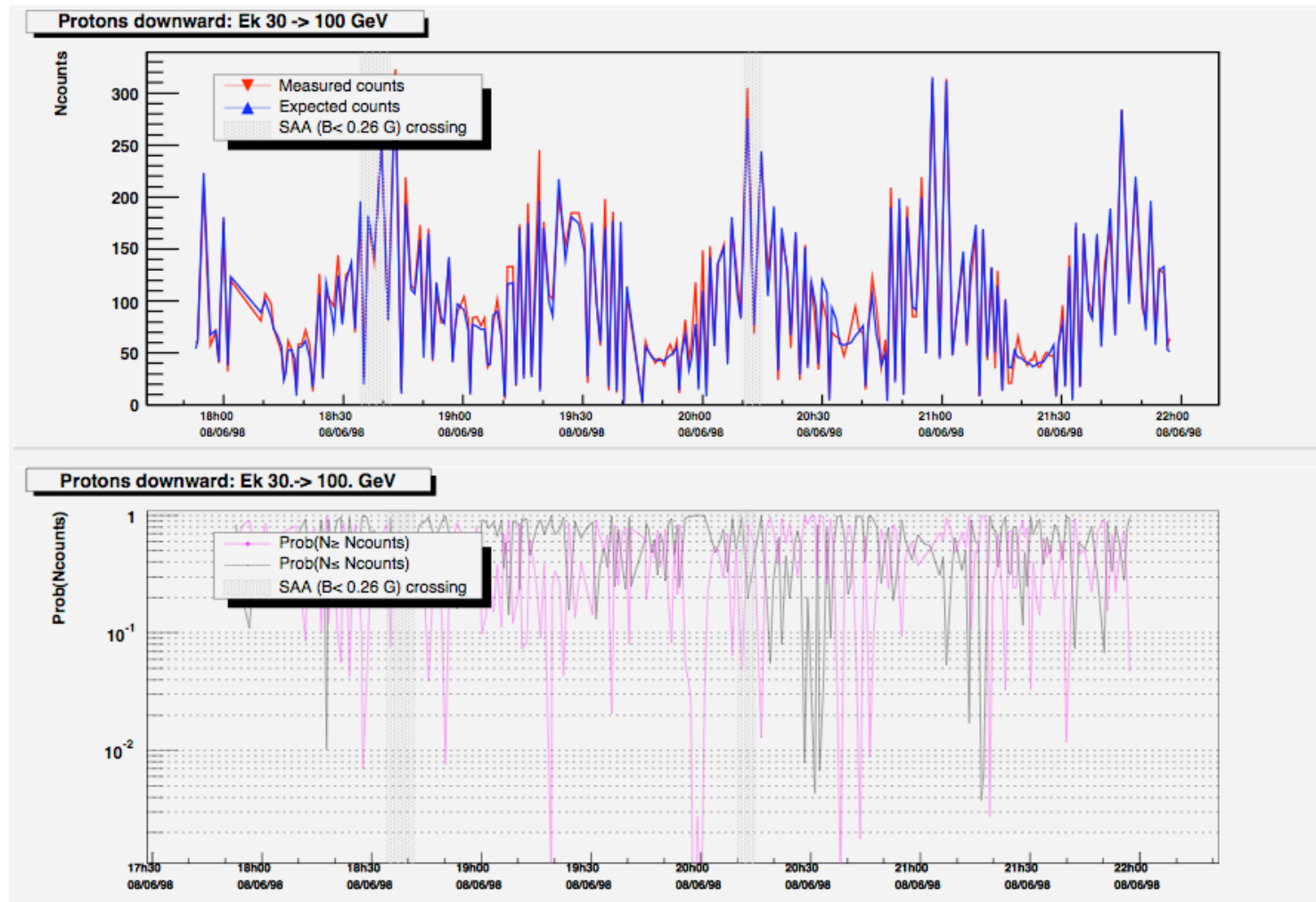
Flux fluctuation probability

Ek: 10 -> 30 GeV



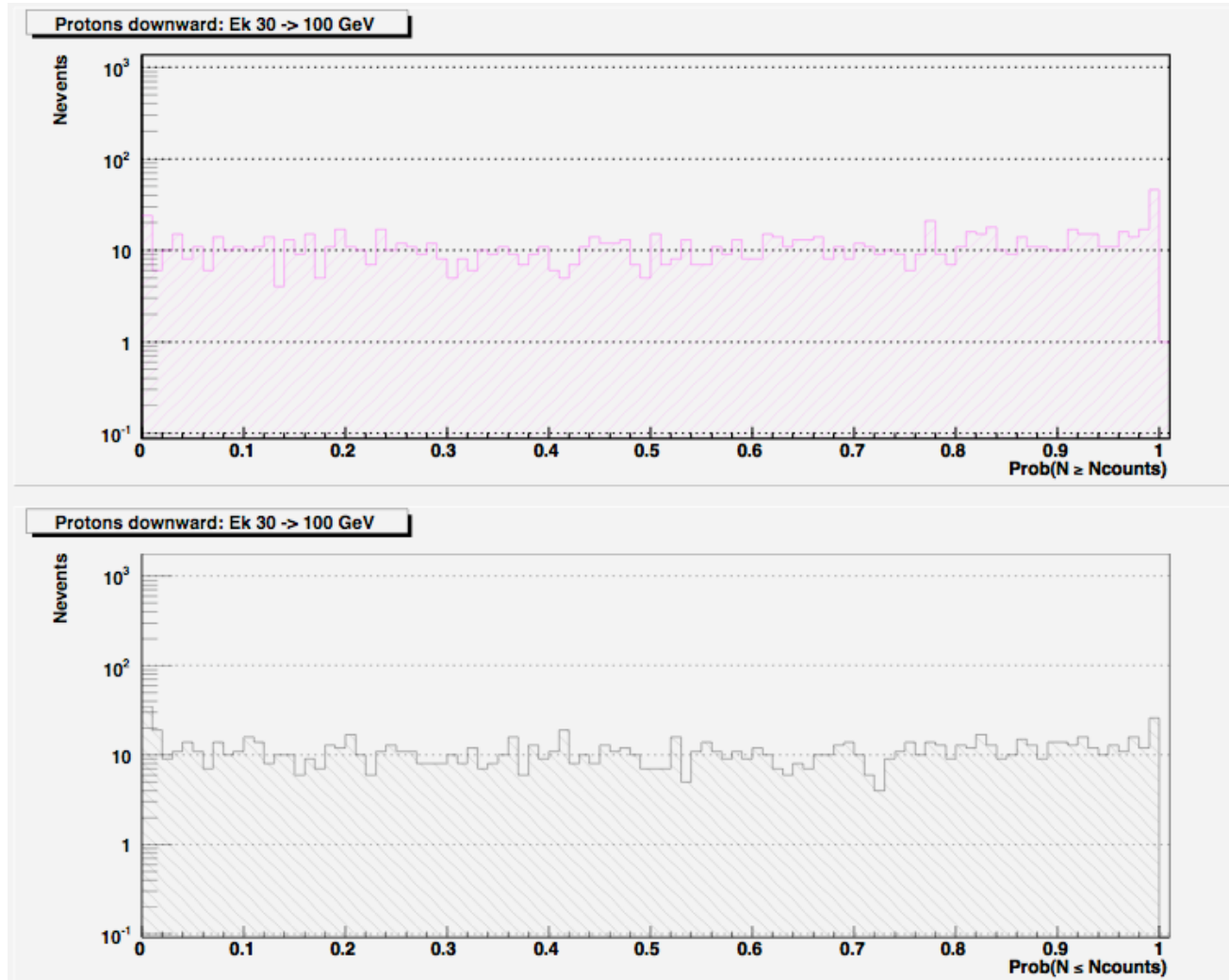
Flux fluctuation probability

Ek: 30 -> 100 GeV



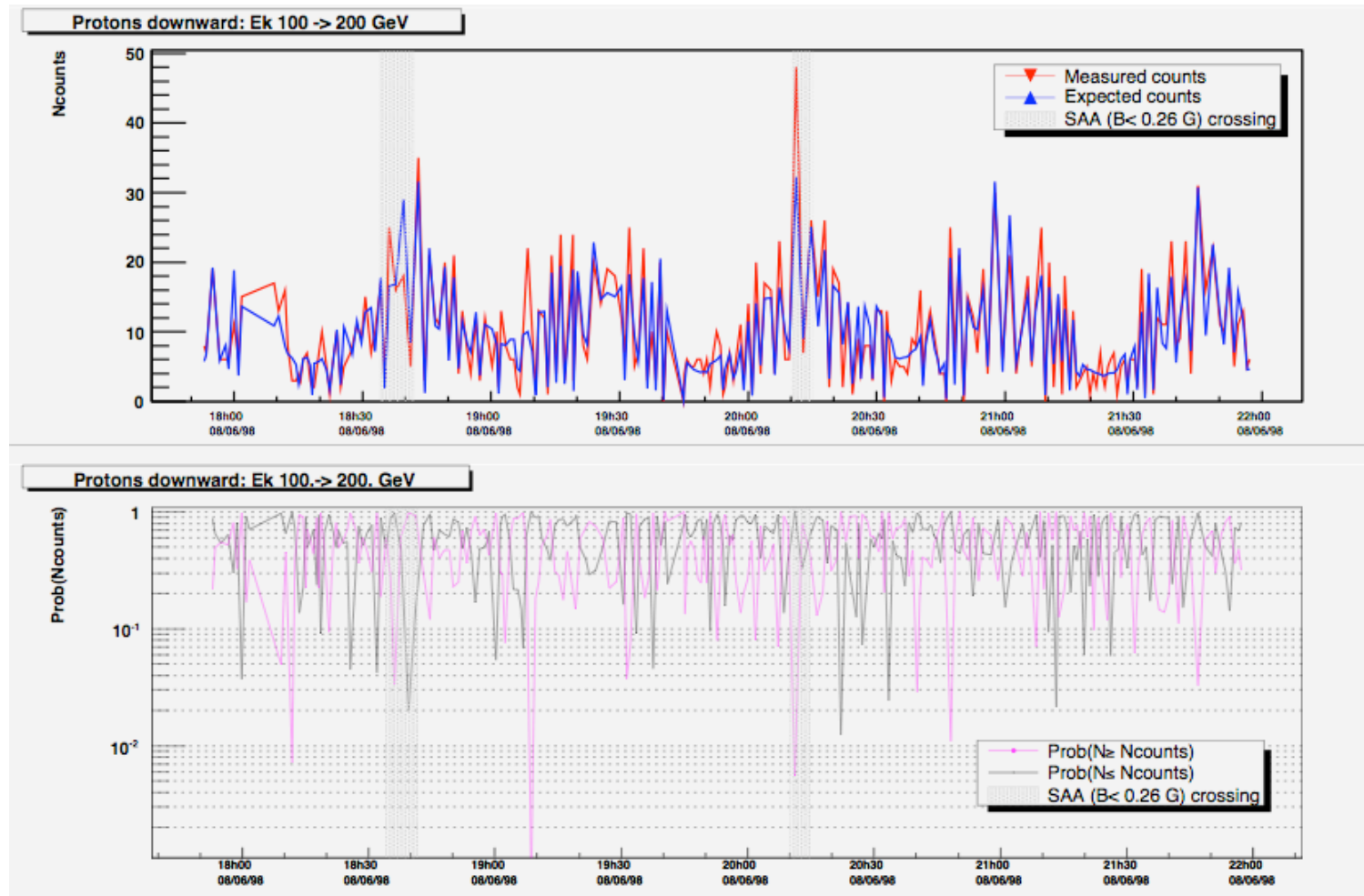
Flux fluctuation probability

E_k : 30 -> 100 GeV



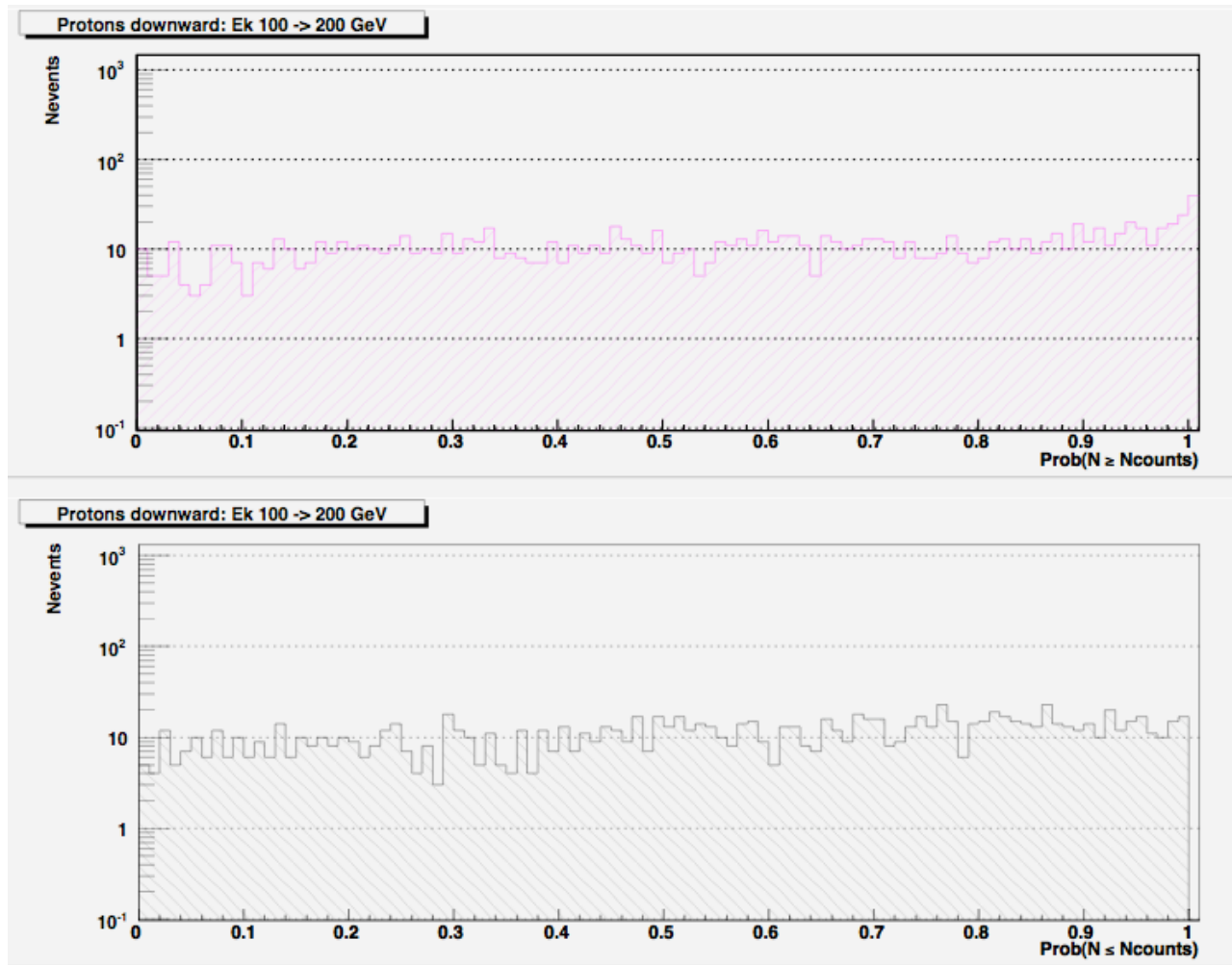
Flux fluctuation probability

Ek: 100 -> 200 GeV



Flux fluctuation probability

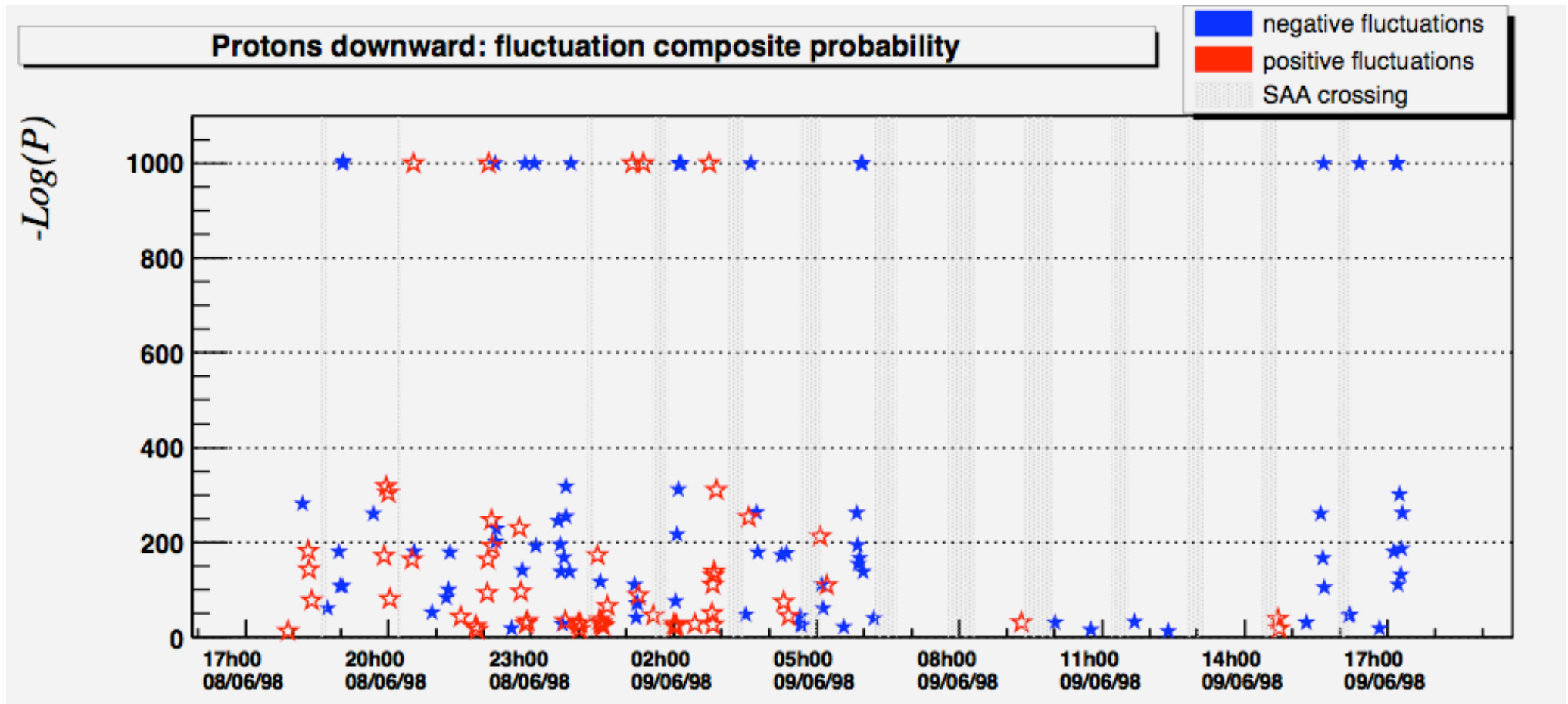
E_k : 100 \rightarrow 200 GeV



Flux fluctuation probability II

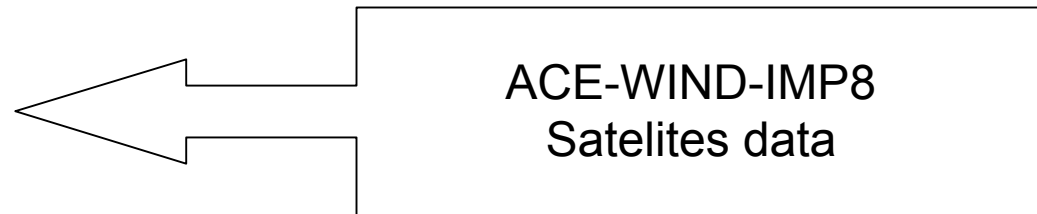
- Evidence of proton flux fluctuations in the Kinetic energy region: 0.1 GeV to 30 GeV (first 5 bins of kinetic energy)
- Selection of fluctuation occurrences:
 - $Prob(N \geq N_{counts}) \leq 10^{-3}$ OR $Prob(N \leq N_{counts}) \leq 10^{-3}$
 - simultaneous fluctuations of the same kind in at least three adjacent bins of kinetic energy
 - $\prod_i Prob(N^i \geq N^i_{counts}) \leq 10^{-200} \quad i=1, \dots, 5$

Flux fluctuation composite probability

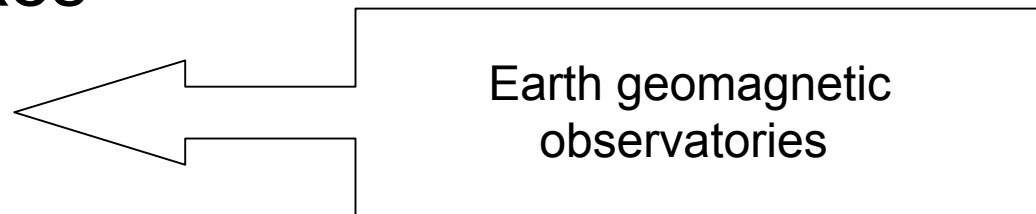


Space Weather

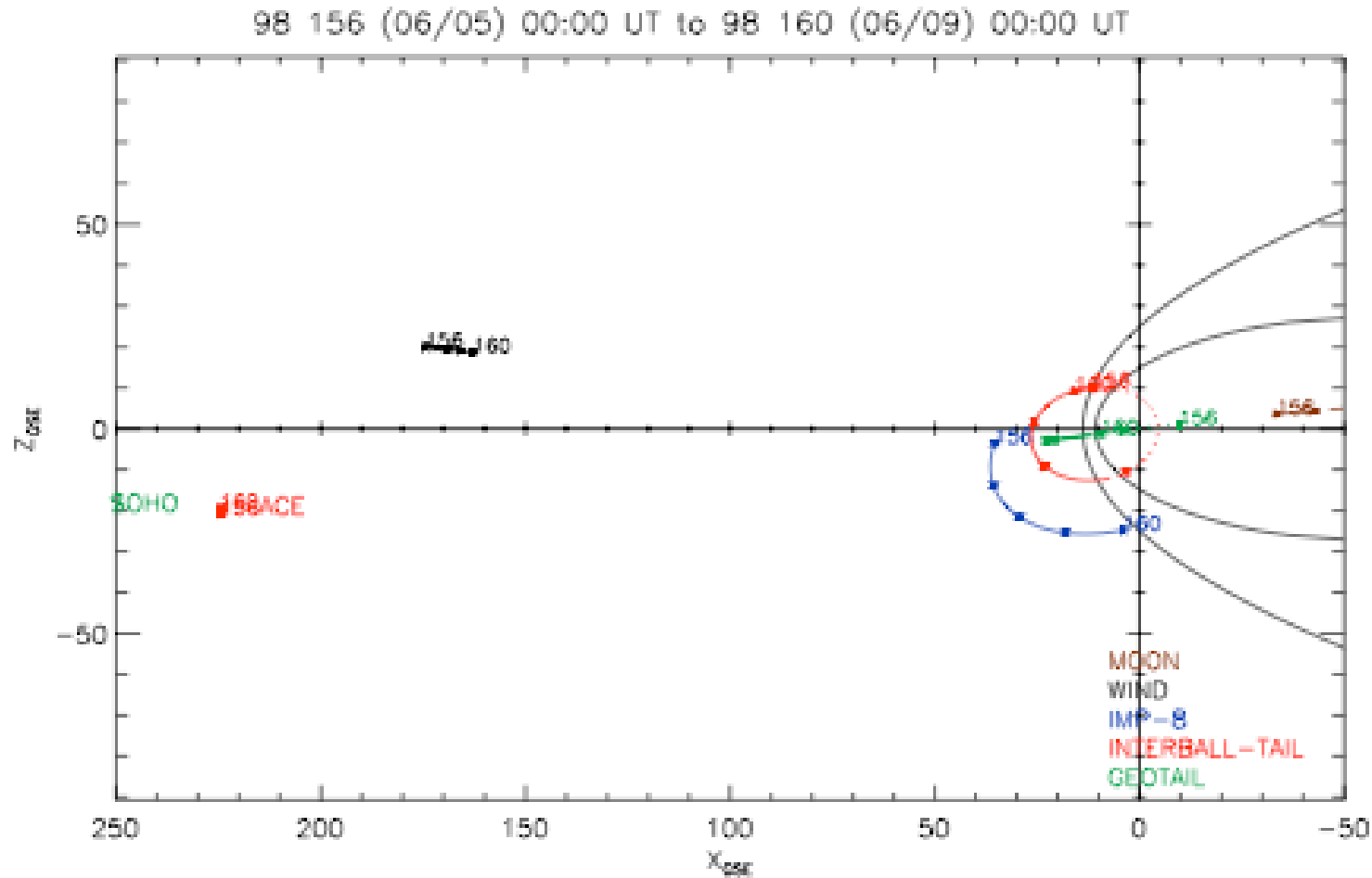
- Interplanetary Magnetic Field
- Solar Wind



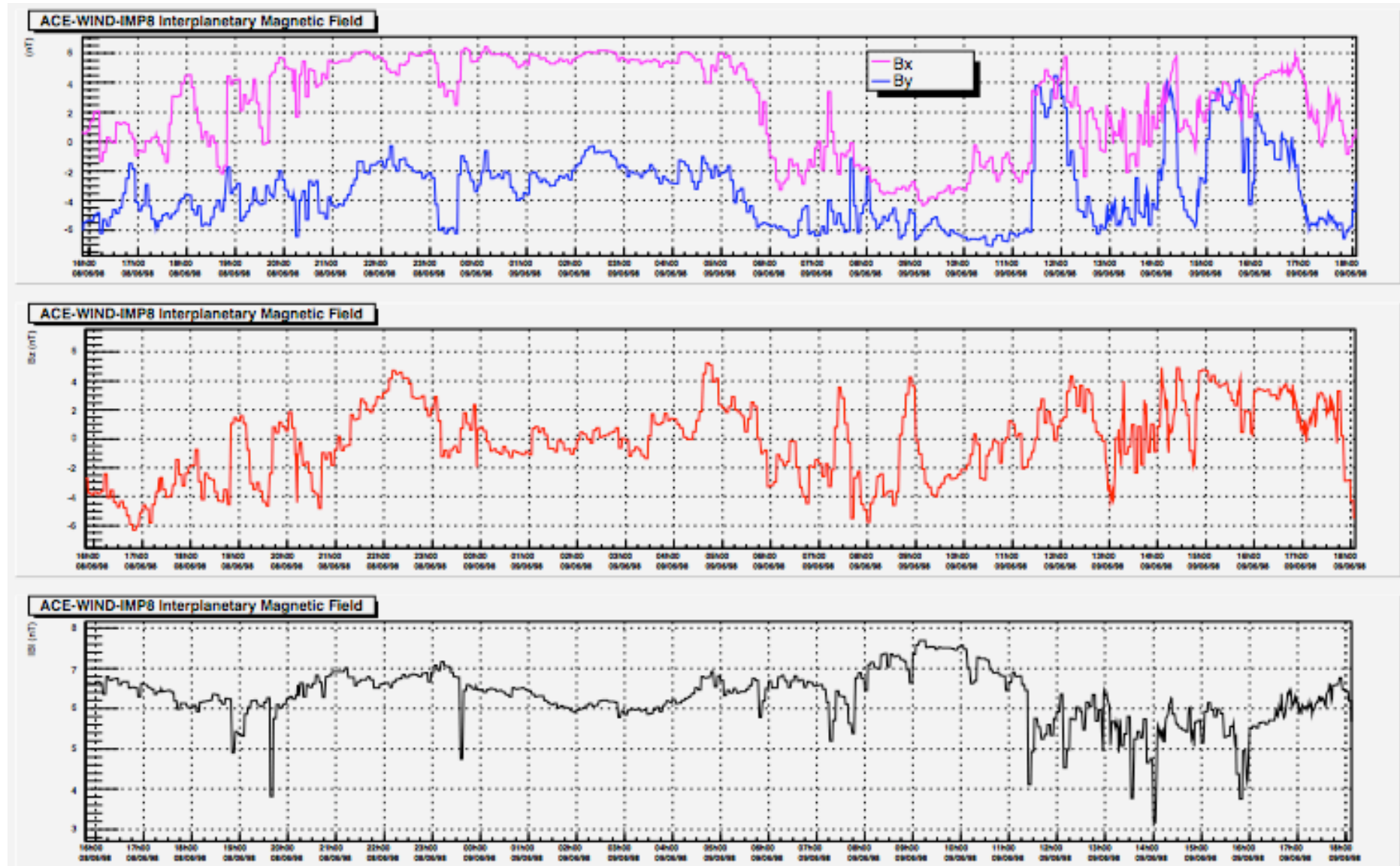
- Geomagnetic indexes
 - Kp, Dst
 - ASYH, SYMH



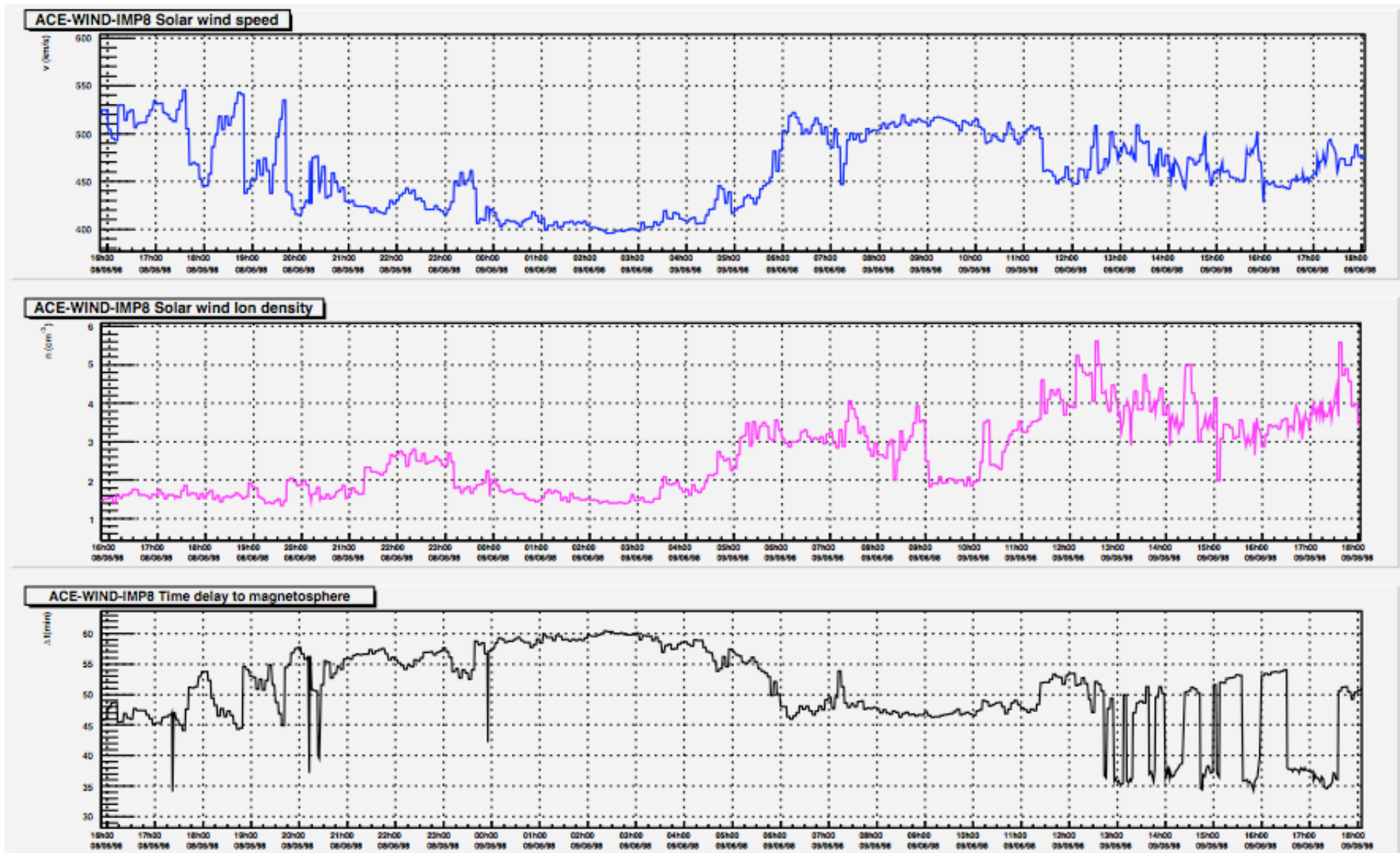
ACE-WIND-IMP8 position



Interplanetary Magnetic Field



Solar wind parameters

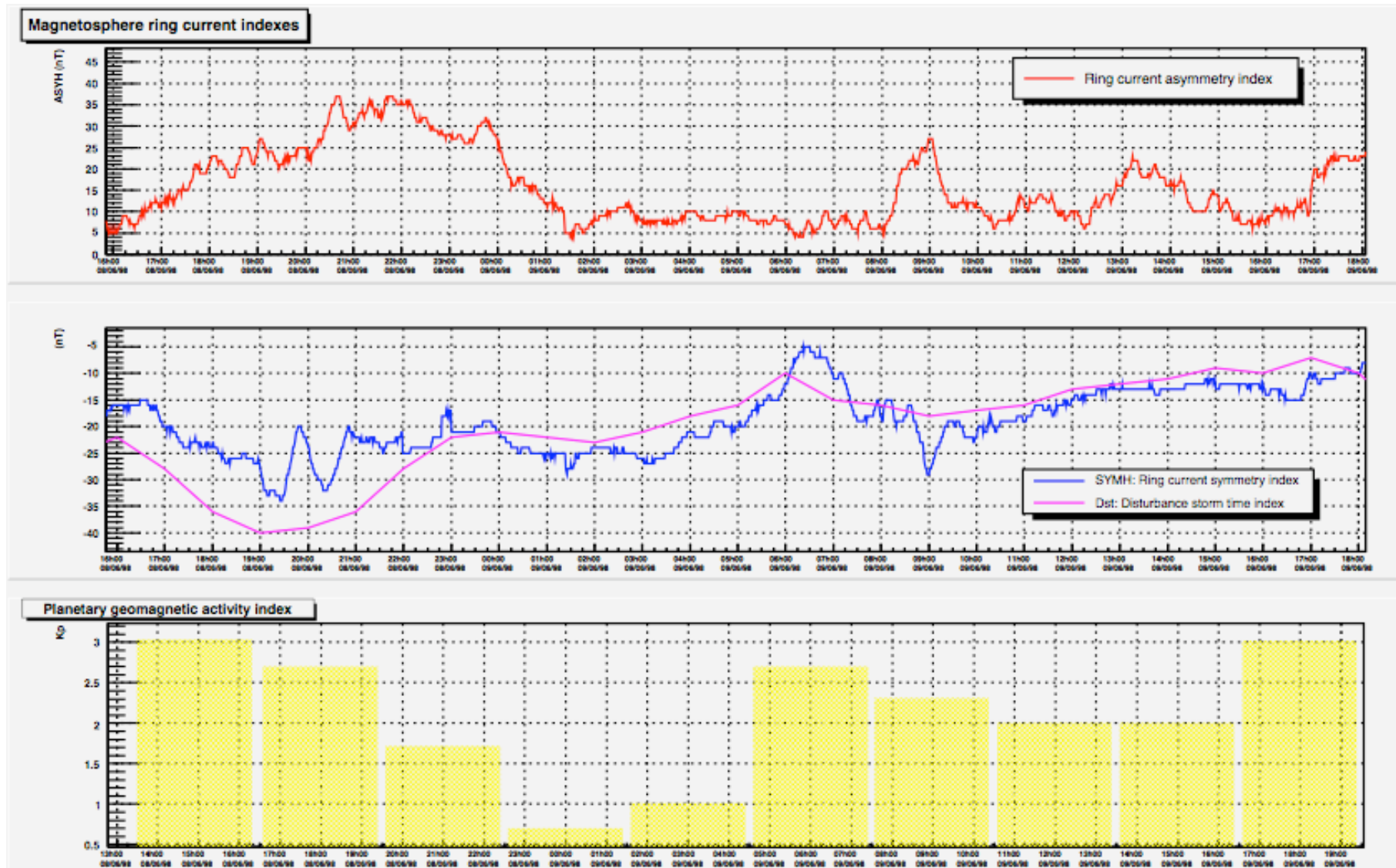


November 28, 2007

AMS-unige meeting

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Geomagnetic activity indices



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