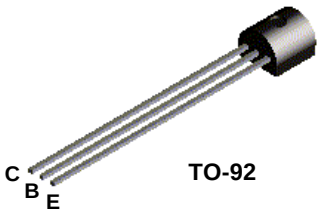
N

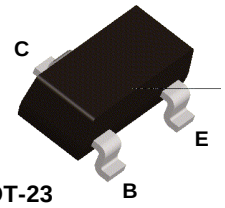
Discrete POWER & Signal Technologies

2N3904



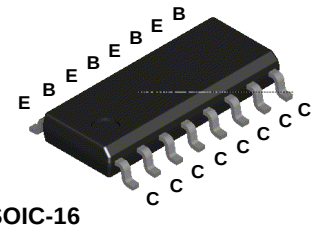
TO-92

MMBT3904



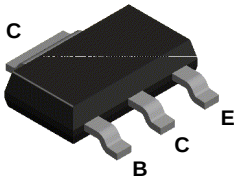
SOT-23
Mark: 1A

MMPQ3904



SOIC-16

PZT3904



SOT-223

NPN General Purpose Amplifier

This device is designed as a general purpose amplifier and switch. The useful dynamic range extends to 100 mA as a switch and to 100 MHz as an amplifier. Sourced from Process 23.

Absolute Maximum Ratings*

TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
V_{CEO}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	40	V
V_{CBO}	Collector-Base Voltage	60	V
V_{EBO}	Emitter-Base Voltage	6.0	V
I_C	Collector Current - Continuous	200	mA
T_J, T_{stg}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

*These ratings are limiting values above which the serviceability of any semiconductor device may be impaired.

NOTES:
1) These ratings are based on a maximum junction temperature of 150 degrees C.
2) These are steady state limits. The factory should be consulted on applications involving pulsed or low duty cycle operations.

NPN General Purpose Amplifier
(continued)

Electrical Characteristics
TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Units
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	I_C = 1.0 mA, I_B = 0	40		V
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	I_C = 10 µA, I_E = 0	60		V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	I_E = 10 µA, I_C = 0	6.0		V
I_{BL}	Base Cutoff Current	V_{CE} = 30 V, V_{EB} = 0		50	nA
I_{CEX}	Collector Cutoff Current	V_{CE} = 30 V, V_{EB} = 0		50	nA
ON CHARACTERISTICS*					
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	I_C = 0.1 mA, V_{CE} = 1.0 V I_C = 1.0 mA, V_{CE} = 1.0 V I_C = 10 mA, V_{CE} = 1.0 V I_C = 50 mA, V_{CE} = 1.0 V I_C = 100 mA, V_{CE} = 1.0 V	40 70 100 60 30	 300 	
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	I_C = 10 mA, I_B = 1.0 mA I_C = 50 mA, I_B = 5.0 mA		0.2 0.3	V V
$V_{BE(sat)}$	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	I_C = 10 mA, I_B = 1.0 mA I_C = 50 mA, I_B = 5.0 mA	0.65	0.85 0.95	V V
SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS					
f_T	Current Gain - Bandwidth Product	I_C = 10 mA, V_{CE} = 20 V, f = 100 MHz	300		MHz
C_{obo}	Output Capacitance	V_{CB} = 5.0 V, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 MHz		4.0	pF
C_{ibo}	Input Capacitance	V_{EB} = 0.5 V, I_C = 0, f = 1.0 MHz		8.0	pF
NF	Noise Figure (except MMPQ3904)	I_C = 100 mA, V_{CE} = 5.0 V, R_S =1.0kW, f=10 Hz to 15.7 kHz		5.0	dB
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (except MMPQ3904)					
t_d	Delay Time	V_{CC} = 3.0 V, V_{BE} = 0.5 V,		35	ns
t_r	Rise Time	I_C = 10 mA, I_{B1} = 1.0 mA		35	ns
t_s	Storage Time	V_{CC} = 3.0 V, I_C = 10mA		200	ns
t_f	Fall Time	I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 1.0 mA		50	ns

*Pulse Test: Pulse Width≤ 300 µs, Duty Cycle≤ 2.0%

Spice Model

NPN (Is=6.734f Xti=3 Eg=1.11 Vaf=74.03 Bf=416.4 Ne=1.259 Ise=6.734 Ikf=66.78m Xtb=1.5 Br=.7371 Nc=2 Isc=0 Ikr=0 Rc=1 Cjc=3.638p Mjc=.3085 Vjc=.75 Fc=.5 Cje=4.493p Mje=.2593 Vje=.75 Tr=239.5n Tf=301.2p Itf=.4 Vtf=4 Xtf=2 Rb=10)

NPN General Purpose Amplifier
(continued)

Thermal Characteristics
TA = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Characteristic	Max		Units
		2N3904	*PZT3904	
P_D	Total Device Dissipation Derate above 25°C	625 5.0	1,000 8.0	mW mW/°C
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	83.3		°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	200	125	°C/W

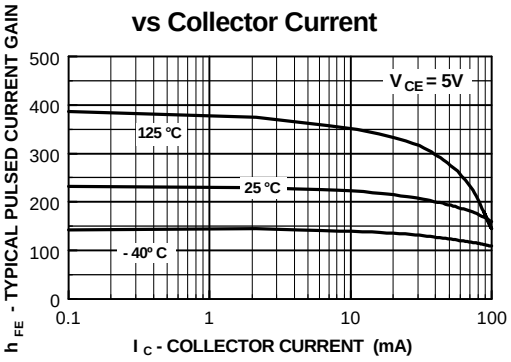
Symbol	Characteristic	Max		Units
		**MMBT3904	MMPQ3904	
P_D	Total Device Dissipation Derate above 25°C	350 2.8	1,000 8.0	mW mW/°C
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient Effective 4 Die Each Die	357	 125 240	°C/W °C/W °C/W

*Device mounted on FR-4 PCB 36 mm X 18 mm X 1.5 mm; mounting pad for the collector lead min. 6 cm^2

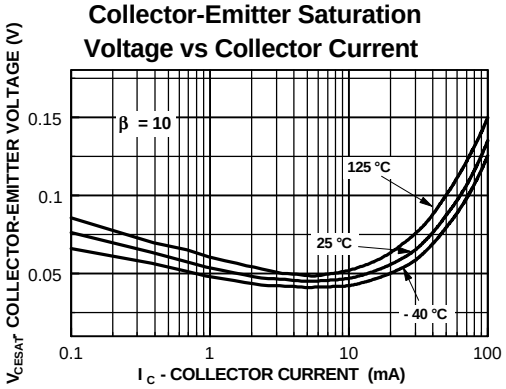
**Device mounted on FR-4 PCB 1.6" X 1.6" X 0.06."

Typical Characteristics

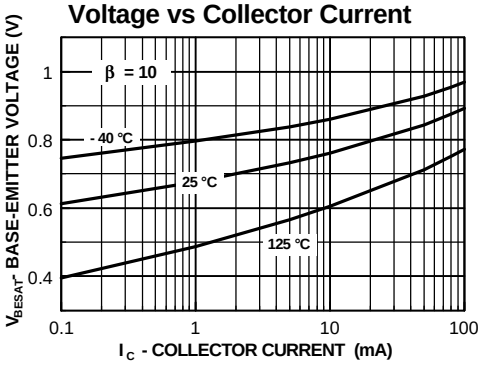
Typical Pulsed Current Gain vs Collector Current



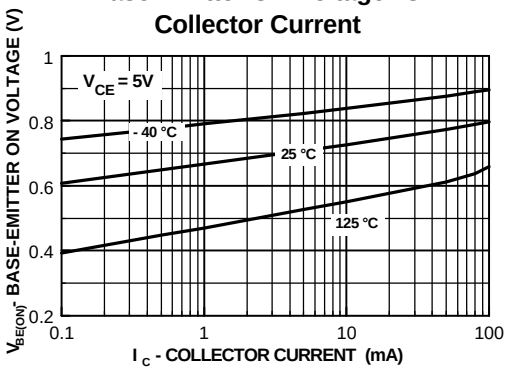
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current



Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current

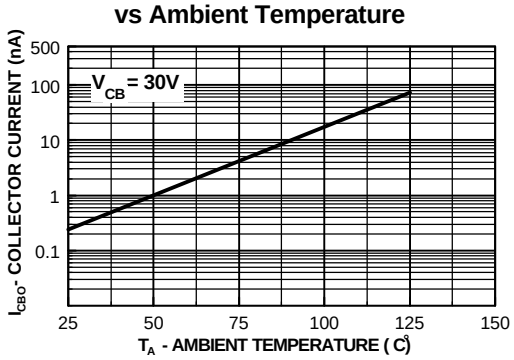


Base-Emitter ON Voltage vs Collector Current

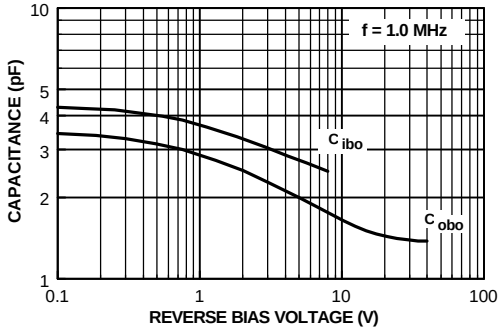


Typical Characteristics (continued)

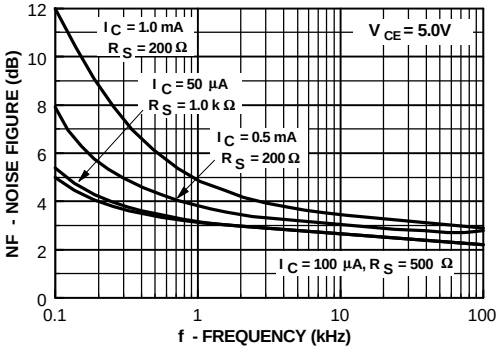
Collector-Cutoff Current vs Ambient Temperature



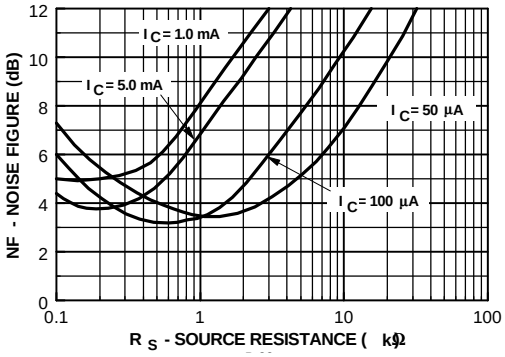
Capacitance vs Reverse Bias Voltage



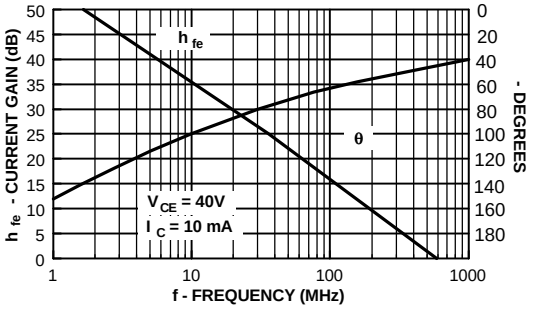
Noise Figure vs Frequency



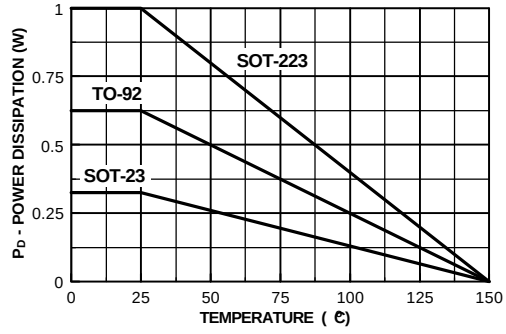
Noise Figure vs Source Resistance



Current Gain and Phase Angle vs Frequency

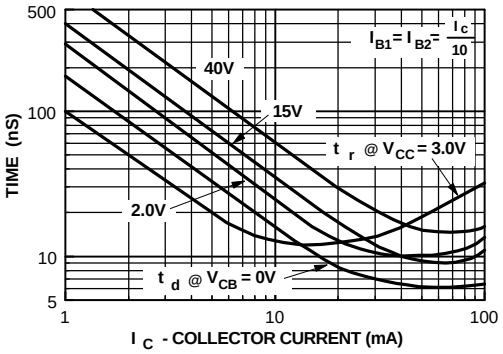


Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature

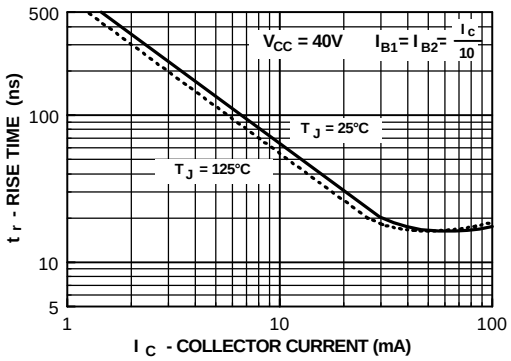


Typical Characteristics (continued)

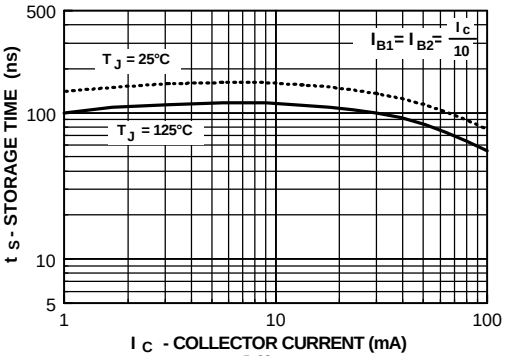
Turn-On Time vs Collector Current



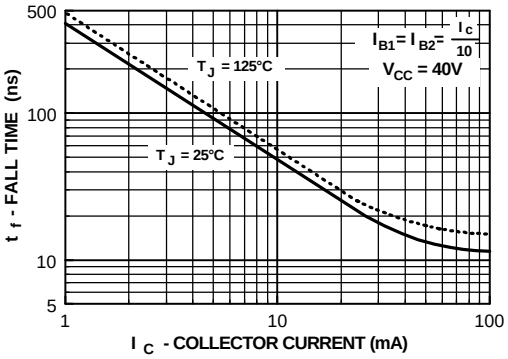
Rise Time vs Collector Current



Storage Time vs Collector Current



Fall Time vs Collector Current



Test Circuits

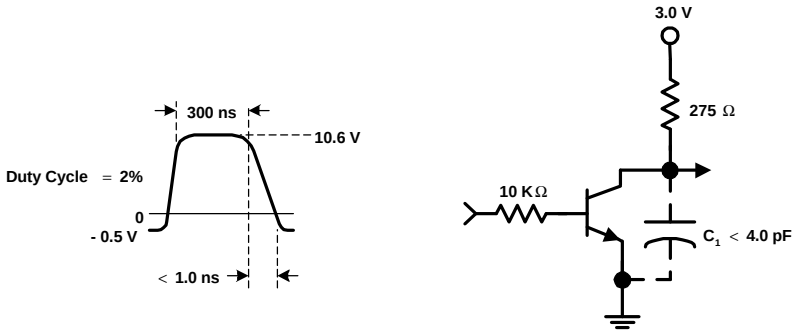


FIGURE 1: Delay and Rise Time Equivalent Test Circuit

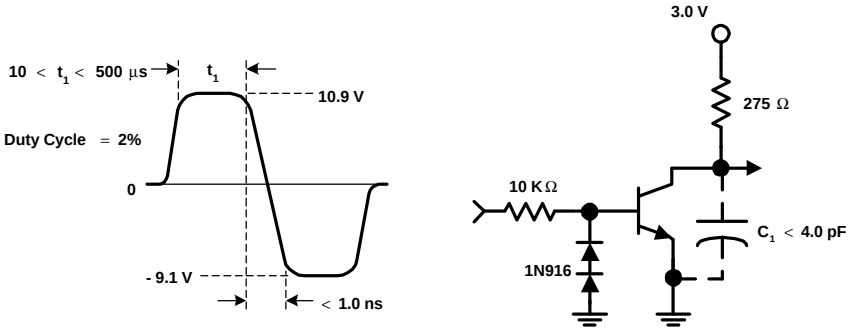


FIGURE 2: Storage and Fall Time Equivalent Test Circuit